The Huntingdon Journal.

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The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - J. A. NASH,

PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Office on the Corner of Fifth and Washington streets.

THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL is published every Wednesday, by J. R. DURBORROW and J. A. NASH, under the firm name of J. R. DURBORROW & Co., at $2.00 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2.50 if not paid for in six months from date of subscription, and $3 if not paid within the year.

No paper discontinued, unless at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid.

No paper, however, will be sent out of the State unless absolutely paid for in advance.

Transient advertisements will be inserted at TWELVE AND A-HALF CENTS per line for the first insertion, SEVEN AND A-HALF CENTS for the second, and FIVE CENTS per line for all subsequent insertions.

Regular quarterly and yearly business advertisements will be inserted at the following rates :

	3 m	6 m	9 m	1 y		3 m	6 m	9 m	1 y
1 Inch	3 50	4 50	5 50	8 00	¼ col	9 00	18 00	$ 27	$ 36
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00	12 00	½ "	24 00	36 00	50	65
3 "	7 00	10 00	14 00	18 00	¾ "	34 00	50 00	65	80
4 "	8 00	14 00	20 00	21 00	1 col	36 00	60 00	80	100

Local notices will be inserted at FIFTEEN CENTS per line for each and every insertion.

All Resolutions of Associations, Communications of limited or individual interest, all party announcements, and notices of Marriages and Deaths, exceeding five lines, will be charged TEN CENTS per line.

Legal and other notices will be charged to the party having them inserted.

Advertising Agents must find their commission outside of these figures.

All advertising accounts are due and collectable when the advertisement is once inserted.

JOB PRINTING of every kind, in Plain and Fancy Colors, done with neatness and dispatch.—Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice, and every thing in the Printing line will be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Election Proclamation.

[GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.]

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

I, AMON HOUCK, High Sheriff of Huntingdon county, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the ELECTORS of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Huntingdon, on TUESDAY, the 14th Day of OCTOBER, 1873, for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named, viz:

One person for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for the office of State Treasurer of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the counties of Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata and Centre in the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the county of Huntingdon in the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for the office of County Treasurer for said county.

One person for the office of Commissioner for said county.

One person for the office of Poor Director for said county.

Two persons for Jury Commissioner for the county of Huntingdon.

One person for Cororner for the county Huntingdon.

One person for County Auditor for said county.

In pursuance of said Act, I also hereby make known and give notice, that the places of holding the aforesaid general election in the several election district within the said county of Huntingdon, are as follows, to wit:

1st district, composed of the township of Henderson, at the Union School House.

2d district composed of Dublin township, at Pleasant Hill School House, near Joseph Nelson's in said township.

3d district, composed of so much of Warriorsmark township, as is not included in the 19th district, at the School House, adjoining the town of Warriorsmark.

4th district, composed of the township of Hopewell, at the house of Levi Houpt, in said township.

5th district, composed of the township of Barree, at the house of James Livingston, in the town of Saulsburg, in said township.

6th district, composed of the borough of Shirleysburg and all that part of the township of Shirley not included within the limits of district No. 24, as hereinafter mentioned and described, at the house of David Fraker, dec'd., in Shirleysburg.

7th district, composed of Porter and part of Walker tp. and so much of West township as is included in the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of Tobias Kauffman's farm on the bank of the Little Juniata River, to the lower end of Jackson's Narrows, thence in a northwesterly direction to the most southerly part of the farm owned by Michael Maguire, thence north forty degrees west to the top of Tussey's Mountain to intersect the line of Franklin township, thence along the said line to the Little Juniata River, thence down the same to the place of beginning, at the Public School House opposite the German Reformed Church, in the borough of Alexandria.

8th district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the school house, in Franklinville, in said township.

9th district, composed of Tell township, at the Union School House, near the Union Meetnig House, in said township.

10th district, composed of Springfield township, at the school house, near Hugh Madden's, in said township.

11th district, composed of Union township, at Grant School House, in the borough of Mapleton, in said township.

12th district, composed of Brady township, at the Centre School House, in said township.

13th district, composed of Morris township, at public school house No. 2, in said township.

14th district, composed of that part of West tp. not included in 7th and 26th districts, at the public school house on the farm now owned by Miles Lewis, (formerly owned by James Ennis,) in said township.

15th district, composed of Walker township, at the house of Benjamin Megahy, in McConnelistown.

16th district, composed of the township of Tod, at Green school house, in said township.

17th district, composed of Oneida township, at the house of William Long, Warm Springs.

18th district, composed of Cromwell township, at the Rock Hill School House, in said township.

19th district, composed of the borough of Birmingham, with the several tracts of land near to and attached to the same, now owned and occupied by Thomas M. Owens, Jno. K. M'Cahan, Andrew Robeson, John Gensimer, and William Gensimer, and the tract of land now owned by George and John Shoenberger, known as the Porter tract, situate in the township of Warriorsmark, at the public school house in said borough.

20th district, composed of the township of Cass, at the public school house in Cassville, in said township.

21st district, composed of the township of Jackson, at the public school house of Edward Littles, at M'Alevy's Fort, in said township.

22d district composed of the township of Clay, at the public school house in Scottville.

23d district, composed of the township of Penn, at the public school house in Marklesburg, in said township.

24th district, composed and created as follows, to wit:—That all that part of Shirley township, Huntingdon county, lying and being within the following described boundaries, (except the borough of Mt. Union,) namely: Beginning at the intersection of Union and Shirley township line with the Juniata river, on the south side thereof; thence along said Union township line for the distance of 3 miles from said river; thence eastwardly, by a straight line, to the point where the main road from Eby's mill to Germany valley, crosses the summit of Sandy Ridge to the Juniata river, and thence up said river to the place of beginning, shall hereafter form a separate election district; that the qualified voters of said election district shall hereafter hold their general and township electiovs in the public school house in Mt. Union, in said township.

25th district, composed of all that territory lying northeastward of a line beginning at the Juniata river and running thence in a direct line along the centre of Fourth street, in the Borough of Huntingdon, to the line of Oneida township, constituting the First Ward of said borough, at the southeast window of the Court House.

26th district, composed of all that territory lying west of the First Ward, and east of the center of Seventh street, composing the second Ward, at the southwest window of the Court House, in the borough aforesaid.

27th district, composing all that territory lying north and west of the second Ward, and south of a line beginning at the Juniata river and running thence eastward in a direct line along the centre of Eleventh street to the line of Oneida township, constituting the Third Ward, and also those portions of Walker and Porter townships formerly attached to the East Ward, at the Council House, in said borough.

28th district, composed of all that territory lying north of the Third Ward of said borough constituting the Fourth Ward, at the public school house near Cherry Alley, in said borough.

29th district, composed of the borough of Petersburg and that part of West township, west and north of a line between Henderson and West township, at and near the Warm Springs, to the Franklin township line on the top of Tussey's Mountain, so as to include in the new district the houses of David Waldsmith, Jacob Longnecker, Thomas Hamer, James Porter, and John Wall, at the school house in the borough of Petersburg.

30th district, composed of the township of Juniata, at the house of John Peightal, on the land of Henry Isenberg.

31st district, composed of Carbon township, recently erected out of a part of the territory of Tod township, to wit: commencing at a chestnut oak, on the summit of Terrace mountain, at the Hopewell township line opposite the dividing ridge, in the Little Valley, thence south 52 deg. east 360 perches, to a stone heap on the western summit of Broad Top Mountain; thence north 67 deg., east 312 perches to a yellow pine; thence south 52 deg., east 772 perches to a chestnut oak; then south 14 deg., east 351 perches to a chestnut at the east end of Henry S. Green's land; thence south 31½ deg., east 294 perches to a chestnut oak, on the summit of a spur on Broad Top, on the western side of John Terral's farm; south, 65 deg., east 934 perches to a stone heap on the Clay township line, at the public school house in the village of Dudley.

32d district, composed of the borough of Coalmont, at the public school house, in said borough.

33d district, composed of Lincoln tp., beginning at a pine on the summit of Tussey mountain on the line between Blair and Huntingdon counties, thence by the division line south, 58 deg., east 798 perches to a black oak in middle of township; thence 42½ deg., east 802 perches to a pine on summit of Terrace; thence by the line of Tod tp. to corner of Penn tp.; thence by the lines of the township of Penn to the summit of Tussey mountain; thence along said summit with line of Blair county to place of beginning, at Coffee Run School House.

34th district, composed of the borough of Mapleton, at the Grant School House, in said borough.

35th district, composed of the borough of Mount Union, in the school house, in said borough.

36th district, composed of the borough of Broad Top City, at the public school house, in said borough.

37th district, composed of the borough of Three Springs, at the public school house, in said borough.

38th district, composed of Shade Gap borough at the public school house, in said borough.

39th district, composed of the borough of Orbisonia, at the public school house in Orbisonia.

The general election in all the Wards, Townships, Districts and Boroughs of the county, is to be opened between the hours of six and seven o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when all poles shall be closed.

Every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State; or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary departments of the state or the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also every member of congress or of the state legislature, and of the select and common councils of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this commonwealth, and no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible there to be voted for.

The inspectors and judge of the election shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district, to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceeding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place. And in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place—or if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district to which such officers shall have been elected, present at such election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

It shall be the duty of the several assessors of each district to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matters in relation to the assessments of voters as the said inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, other than a freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in the State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers his vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election and within two years paid a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this state and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this state six months: *Provided*, That the freemen, citizens of the United States, between twenty-one and twenty-two years, who have resided in an election district as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote although they shall not have paid taxes.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the commissioners, unless, First, he produces a receipt for the payment within two years of a state and county tax assessed agreeably to the constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his oath or affirmation or the oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof. Second, if he claim the right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in this state at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe, from the account given him, that he is of age aforesaid, and such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person thus admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax" if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax; or the word "age" if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age shall be called out to the clerk, who shall make the like notes on the list of voters kept by him.

In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessors, or his right to vote, whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the state for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified voter, that he has resided in the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding such election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is in said district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of the residence and payment of taxes as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of this election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any or any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window, or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use any intimidating threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of choice, such persons on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisoned for any time not less than three nor more than twelve months, and it shall be shown to the court, where the trial of such offense shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the offense was committed and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

If any person, not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election of this commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified shall vote out of his proper district, if any person knowing the want of such qualification shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in any term not exceeding three months.

If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together, with the intent illegally to vote, or shall procure another to do so, he or they so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for a term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to law (except the sons of qualified citizens), shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offense, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of the election, within the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, and upon conviction, thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to bet.

And the election laws of the Commonwealth further provides that "The Inspectors, Judges and clerks shall before entering on the duties of their offices, severally take and subscribe the oath or affirmation hereinafter directed, which shall be administered to them by any judge, alderman or justice of the peace, but if no such magistrate be present, one of the inspectors of the election shall administer the oath or affirmation to the other judge and inspector, and then the inspector so qualified shall administer the oath or affirmation to him.

"The inspectors, judges and clerks required by law to hold township and general elections shall take and subscribe the several oaths and affirmations required by the 19th, 20th and 21st sections of the act of 2d day of July, 1839, 'An act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth,' which oaths or affirmations shall be prepared and administered in the manner prescribed in the 18th and 22d sections of said act, and in addition to the power conferred by the 18th section of said act, the judge or either of the inspectors shall have the power to administer the oaths prescribed by said act to any clerk of general, special or township election."

"The following shall be the form of oath or affirmation to be taken by each inspector, viz: 'I, [A. B.] do —— that I will duly attend to the ensuing election during the continuance thereof as an inspector, and that I will not receive any ticket or vote from any person, other than such as I firmly believe to be, according to the provisions of the constitution and the laws of this commonwealth, entitled to a vote at such election, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as is directed by law, nor will I vexatiously delay or refuse to receive any vote from any person who I shall believe to be entitled to vote as aforesaid, but that I will in all things truly and impartially and faithfully perform my duties therein, to the best of my judgment and abilities, and that I am not, directly or indirectly, interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election."

The following shall be the oath or affirmation of each judge, viz: "I, [A. B.] do —— that I will, as judge, duly attend the ensuing election during the continuance thereof, and faithfully assist the inspectors in carrying out the same; that I will not give my consent that any vote or ticket shall be received from any person other than such as I firmly believe to be, according to the provisions of the consitution and laws of this commonwealth, entitled to vote at such election, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as directed by law, and that I will use my best endeavors to prevent any fraud, deceit or abuse in carrying on the same by citizens qualified to vote, or others, and I will make a true and perfect return of the said election, and will in all things truly, impartially and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same, to the best of my judgment and abilities, and that I am not directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election."

The following shall be the form of oath or affirmation to be taken by each clerk, viz: "I [A. B.] do —— that I will impartially and truly write down the name of each elector who shall vote at the ensuing election, which shall be given me in charge, and also the name of the township, ward or district wherein such elector resides, or carefully and truly write down the number of votes that shall be given for each candidate at the election, as often as his name shall be read to me by the inspectors thereof, and in all things truly and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same to the best of my judgment and abilities, and that I am not directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election."

On the day of election any person whose name is not on the said list, and claiming the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the resident of the claimant in the district of which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least ten days next proceding said election; which witness shall take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the fact stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter, and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, where and when he was born; that he is a citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the United States; that he has resided in the commonwealth one year, or if formerly a citizen therein, and has moved therefrom, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has paid a State or County tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before said election; and, if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce this certificate of naturalization for examination; the said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affidavit was assessed, and when, where, and to whom paid, and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state on his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any, but if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit, that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized, or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization: and shall further state in his affidavit that he is at the time of taking the affidavit between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years; that he has resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days next preceding such election, he shall be allowed to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes; the said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination, as other election papers are; if the election officers shall find that the applicant or applicants possess all the legal qualifications of voters, he or they shall be permitted to vote, and the name or names shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax" being added where the claimant votes on tax, the same words being added by the clerks in each case respectively on the list of persons voting at such election.

It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables to challenge the vote of such person; whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence; every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for ten years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such pesson being received, it shall be the duty of the election officer to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the month and year: and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of the same certificate, excepting where sons are entitled to vote by virtue of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, upon so offending, shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed one hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year: the like punishment shall be inflicted on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law or the laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on the list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote is challenged by any qualified voter present, and shall admit such person to vote without requiring such proof, every person so offending shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced, for every such offense, to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year, or either, or both at the discretion of the court.

Ten days preceding every election for electors for President and Vice President of the United States, it shall be the duty of the assessor to attend at the place fixed by law for holding the election in each election district, and then and there hear all applications of persons whose names have been omitted from the list of assessed voters, and who claim the right to vote, or whose rights have originated since the same was made out, and shall add the names of such persons thereto, as shall show that they are entitled to the right of suffrage in such district, on the personal application of the claimant only, and forthwith assess them with the proper tax. After completing the list a copy thereof shall be placed on the door of, or on the house where the election is to be held, at least eighteen days before the election; and at the election the same course shall be pursued in all respects, as is required by this act and the acts to which it is a supplement, at the general elections in October. The assessor shall also make the same returns to the county commissioners of all assessments made by virtue of this section; and the county commissioners shall furnish copies thereof to the election officers in each district, in like manner in all respects, as is required at the general election in October.

The same rules and regulations shall apply at every special election, and every separate city, borough or ward election, in all respects as at the general election in October.

The respective assessors, inspectors and judges of the elections shall each have the power to administer oaths to any person claiming the right to be assessed or the right of suffrage, or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be done or inquired into by any of said officers under this act; any any willful falseswearing by any person in relation to and matter or thing concerning which they shall be lawfully interrogated by any of said officers shall be punished as perjury.

The assessors shall each receive the same compensation for the time necessarily spent in performing the duties hereby enjoined, as is provided by law for the performance of their other duties, to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases; and it shall not be lawful for any assessor to assess a tax against any person whatever within ten days next preceding the election to be held on the second Tuesday of October in any year, or within ten days next before any election for electors of President and Vice President of the United States; any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, and subject the officers so offending to a fine, on conviction, not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both at the discretion of the court.

On the petition of five or more citizens of the county, stating under oath that they verily believe frauds will be practiced at the election about to be held in any district, it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of said county, if in session, or if not, a judge thereof in vacation, to appoint two judicious, sober and intelligent citizens of the county to act as overseers, who shall be selected from different political parties, where the inspectors belong to different parties, and where both inspectors belong to the same political party, both of the overseers shall be taken from the opposite political party; said overseers shall have the right to be present with the officer of the election during the whole time the same is held, the votes counted and the returns made out and signed by the election officers; to keep a list of voters, if they see proper; to challenge any person offering to vote, and interrogate him and his witness under oath, in regard to his right of suffrage at said elections, and to examine his papers produced; and the officer of said election are required to afford to said overseers so selected and appointed every convenience and facility for the discharge of their duties; and if said election officers shall refuse to permit said overseers to be present, and perform their duties as aforesaid, or if they shall be driven away from the polls by violence and intimidation, all the votes polled at such election district may be rejected by any tribunal trying a contest under said election: *Provided*, That no person signing the petiton shall be appointed an overseer.

That the citizens of this state temporarily in the service of the state or of the United States government, on clerical or other duty, and who do not vote where thus employed, shall not be thereby deprived of the right to vote in their several election districts if otherwise duly qualified.

XV AMENDMENT CONSTITUTION U. S.

"SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any State, on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

"SEC. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.

The following instructions from His Excellency Governor Geary explain the duties of assessors, registers and election officers, in regard to all freedmen of this commonwealth:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
HARRISBURG, Pa., August 18, 1870.

To the Sheriff of the County of Huntingdon:

WHEREAS, The Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

"SECTION 1, The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state, on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

"SEC. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

And whereas, The congress of the United States, on the 31st day of March, 1870, passed an act entitled "*An act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States to vote in the several states of the Union, and for other purposes*," the first and second sections of which are as follows:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That all citizens of the United States, who are or shall be otherwise qualified by law to vote at any election by the people, in any state, territory, district, county, city, parish, township, school district, municipality or other territorial sub division shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections without distinction of race, color, customs, condition of servitude, usage or regulation of any state or territory, or any constitution, or law under its authority, to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That if by or under the authority of the constitution or law of any state, or the laws of any territory, any act is or shall be required to be done as a perquisite or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or law persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such perquisite and to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of such person and officer to give to all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such perquisite, and to become qualified to vote, without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude: and if any such person or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give effect to this section, he shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered on an action on the case, with full costs and allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also for every such offense be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereof be fined not less than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

And whereas, It is declared by the second section of the VI article of the Constitution of the United States, that "This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, shall be the supreme law of the land * * * anything in the *Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding*."

And whereas, The Legislature of this Commonwealth, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1870, passed an act entitled "A further supplement to the act relating to the elections in this Commonwealth, the tenth section of which provides as follows:

SECTION 10. That so much of every act of Assembly as provides that only white freemen shall be entitled to vote or be registered as voters, or as claiming the vote at any general or special election of this Commonwealth, be and the same is hereby repealed; and that hereafter all freemen, without distinction of color, shall be enrolled and registered according to the provisions of the first section of the act approved 17th of April, 1869, entitled "An act further supplemental to the act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," and when otherwise qualified under existing laws, be entitled to vote at all general and special elections in this Commonwealth.'

And whereas, It is my constitutional and official duty to "take care that the laws be faithfully executed," and it has come to my knowledge that sundry assessors and registers of voters have refused, and are refusing to assess and register divers colored male citizens of lawful age, and otherwise qualified as electors:

Now, therefore, in consideration of the premises, the county commissioners of said county are hereby notified and directed to instruct the several assessors and registers of voters therein to obey and conform to the requirements of said constitutional amendment and laws; and the sheriff of said county is hereby authorized and required to publish in his election proclamation for the next ensuing election the herein recited constitutional amendment, act of congress, and act of the legislature, to the end that the same may be known, executed and obeyed by all assessors, registers of voters, election officers and others, and that the rights and privileges guaranteed thereby may be secured to all the citizens of this commonwealth entitled to the same.

[SEAL] Given under my hand and the great seal of the state at Harrisburg, the day and year first above written.

JNO. W. GEARY.

Attest: F. JORDAN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following act of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March, 1866: "An act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties in this commonwealth:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed or written or partly printed or partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled outside, "judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers voted for, and be labeled, "state;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all officers voted for, including officer of senator, and member of Assembly, if voted for, and be labeled, "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled, "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and shall be labeled, "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of the sheriff of the several counties of this commonwealth to insert in their election proclamation hereafter issued the first section of this act.

JAMES R. KELLEY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
DAVID FLEMING,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the thirteenth day of March, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

A. G. CURTIN.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 76th section of the act first aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificates of return of the election of their respective districts and produce them at a meeting of one judge for each district at the Court House, in the Borough of Huntingdon, on the third day after the election, being ON FRIDAY, THE 17th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1873, at 10 o'clock a. m., then and there perform the duties required by law of said judges.

Also, that where a judge, by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend the meeting of judges, then the certificate or return shall be taken charge of by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of the district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said judges unable to attend.

The return judges for the counties of Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata and Centre are required to meet at the Court House in the County of Huntingdon on the twenth-first day of October, A. D. 1873 for the purpose of adding up the votes cast for Senator of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Given under my hand, at my office in Huntingdon, this 5th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and in the nineyt-seventh year of the independence of the United States.

AMON HOUCK, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, September 17, 1873.

PROTECT YOUR BUILDINGS!

Which may be done with less than quarter the usual expense by the use of GLINE'S PATENT SLATE ROOFING PAINT. A roof may be covered with a very cheap shingle, and by the application of this slate be made to last from 25 to 30 years. Old roofs can be patched and coated and made to look much better and last longer than new shingles without the Slate, for ONE-THIRD the COST of RE-SHINGLING. The cost of Slating new Shingles is only about the cost of simply laying them, and the Slate is FIRE-PROOF against sparks and live coals falling upon it, as may be easily tested by any one, and as appears from the fact that Insurance Companies make the same Tariff that they do for Slated Roofs. For tin and iron it has no equal, as it expands by heat and contracts by cold, and never cracks or scales. For Cemetery fences It is particularly adapted, as it will not corrode in the most exposed places. Roofs covered with Tar Sheathing Felt can be made water tight at a small expense. The Slate or Paint is EXTREMELY CHEAP! two gallons will cover a hundred square feet of Shingle roof, or over four hundred of Tin or Iron. Price of the Slate ready for use is 80 cents per gallon, $16 per half barrel, or $30 per barrel of about 40 gallons, freight from New York added. We furnish and apply the material for $2.50 per 100 square feet freight added. The Paint has a very heavy body, but is easily applied with a 4 or 6 inch coloring brush. On old and rotten shingles it fills up the holes and pores, hardens them, and gives a new and substantial roof that will last for years. On curled or wraped shingles, it brings them to their place and keeps them there. It fills up the holes in tin or felting roofs and stops the leak; one coat is equal to ten of ordinary paint. The color of the Slate when first applied is of a dark purple; in about a month it changes to a light uniform slate color, and is, to all intents and purposes, Slate. It is a slow dryer, but rain will not affect it in the least in one hour after it is put on. Roofs examined, estimates of cost given, and when required, will be put in thorough repair. Orders respectfully solicited. Address B. J. WIESTLING, Jr., Middletown, or R. R. WIESTLING, Huntingdon, Agents for Dauphin, Lancaster, Lebanon, Huntingdon, Bedford, Blair and Cambria counties.

Sept.24,1873-4t.

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New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of Margaret Brotherline, deceased.*]

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county to distribute the balance in the hands of David Black, Administrator of Margaret Brotherline, late of the borough of Hunting'on, deceased, will attend to said duty at his office, in Huntingdon, on Saturday, the 11th of October next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., when and where all persons having claims upon said fund care required to present the same or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

THEO. H. CREMER, Auditor.

Sept.24,1873-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Huntingdon county, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of Andrew Taylor, Administrator of the estate of Philip Taylor, late of Tod township, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday, the 10th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the office of Petrekin, Massey & M'Neil, No. 300 Penn street, Huntingdon, Pa.

MORD B. MASSEY, Auditor.

Sept.24,1873.

NOTICE TO REMOVE FISH BASKET.—Whereas, by an act of Assembly, entitled an act for the protection of Salmon, Black Bass and other food fishes newly introduced or to be introduced into the rivers Delaware and Susquhannah other tributaries for the protection also of closses against unlawful fishing, and to prevent the introduction of predatory fishes, into trout streams, and for other germane purposes. Approved twenty-fourth day of May, 1871, the Sheriffs of the counties having jurisdiction, are directed to order the dismantling of fish baskets, kiddles, &c., and whereas information has reached me that a fish basket exists at the Lock between Mount Union and Mapleton, county of Huntingdon, I therefore declare the said basket a common nuisance, and hereby notify the owner or owners thereof, that if not removed or dismantled in ten days the same will be removed or dismantled as directed by the afore mentioned act.

AMON HOUCK, Sheriff.

Oct.1,1873-2t.

NOTICE IN PARTITION in the Estate of Dixon Hall, Notice to Mary Harnes, intermarried with James Harnes, of Petroleum Centre, Penna.; Catharine Lewis, intermarried with Albert Lewis, of Parker's Landing, Penna.; Richard Hall, of Lagrange Furnace, Stewart Co., Tennessee; Wm. Henry Gilbert, of Pleasant Hill, Missouri; Mary Ann Gilbert, Married to Joseph Reed, Pleasant Hill, Missouri; David Gilbert, Richard Gilbert, Thomas Gilbert, Pleasant Hill, Missouri. Take Notice, that an Inquest will be held at the dwelling house of Dixon Hall, deceased, at Mill Creek, in the county of Huntingdon, on the 4th day of October, A. D., 1873, at 9:45 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased to and among his children and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole, otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law—at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

AMON HOUCK, Sheriff.

Sept.3,1873-4t.

NOTICE.

[*Estate of ROBERT LYTLE, deceased.*]

To John Lytle, Agency City, Iowa; Charles S. Lytle, Sacremento City, California; William S. Lytle, Licking county, Ohio; William P. Lytle, Robert F. Lytle and Martha R. Lytle, residence unknown; Mrs. Sarah Stitt, wife of Alexander Stitt, Alexandria; Robert Lytle, Hollidaysburg, Pennsylvania; S. D. Rungan, same place, who was appointed guardian of Martha R. Lytle, take notice, that at an Orphans' Court held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on the second Monday and 11th day of August, A. D., 1873, before the Honorable John Dean, Esq., President, and David Clarkson and Anthony J. Beaver, Esquires, his Associates. On motion of J. S. Blair, Esq., the Court awarded a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Robert Lytle, late of Hollidaysburg borough, deceased, to appear in Court, on the second Monday of November next, (1873,) then and there to accept or refuse the real estate of said deceased at the valuation thereof, or show cause why the same should not be sold. And ordered that to all persons interested, notice be given personally or by writing left at their place of abode residing within the county, and to all residing out of the county, by publication in one or more newspapers and send copy directed to their nearest Post Office address, at least ten days prior to the said second Monday of November next.

Certified from the Record under seal of said Court this 28th day of August, A. D., 1873.

AMON HOUCK, Sheriff.

Sept.10-4t.

NOTICE.

[*Estate of HUGH L. KING, deceased.*]

To George M. King, P. O. Box 274, Parker's Landing, Armstrong county, Pa.; Frances Miller, Sim's Creek, Muskingum county, Ohio; James Herman, Table Grove, Fulton county, Illinois; Isabella Herman, Table Grove, Fulton county, Illinois; James Herman, Table Grove, Fulton county, Illinois; Hannah Crogle, Brooklyn, Schuyler county, Illinois; Mary St. Clair, Dresden, Muskingum county, Ohio; Mary Shorts, Adamsville, Muskingum county, Ohio; George King, Guardian of Homer King, Dresden, Muskingum county, Ohio; take notice, that at an Orphans' Court held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on the second Monday and 11th day of August, A. D., 1873, before the Honorable John Dean, Esq., Presidlnt, and David Clarkson and Anthony J. Beaver, Esquires, his Associates. On motion of Woods & Williamson, the Court awarded a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Hugh L. King, late of Shirley township, deceased, to appear in Court, on the second Monday of November next, (1873,) then and there to accept or refuse the real estate of said deceased at the valuation thereof, or show cause why the same should not be sold. And ordered that to all persons interested, notice be given personally or by writing left at their place of abode residing within the county, by publication in the Huntingdon JOURNAL, and copies directed to their nearnest Post Office address, at least ten days prior to the second Monday of November next.

Certified from the Record under seal of said Court this 28th day of August A. D., 1873,

AMON HOUCK, Sheriff.

Sept.10-4t.

NOTICE.

[*Estate of BENJAMIN BEERS, deceased.*]

To Rebecca A. Fleck, Liberty P. O., Jasper Co., Mo., take notice, that at an Orphans' Court held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on the second Monday and 11th day of August, A. D., 1873, before the Honorable John Dean, Esq., President, and David Clarkson and Anthony J. Beaver, Esquires, his Associates. On motion of J. R. Simpson, the Court awarded a Rule on the heirs and legal representalives of Benjamin Beers, late of Cromwell township, deceased, to appear in Court, on the second Monday of November next, (1873,) then and there to accept or refuse the real estate of said deceased at the valuation thereof, or show cause why the same should not be sold. And ordered that to all persons interested, notice be given personally or by writing left at their place of abode residing within the county, and to all residing out of the county, by publishing in one or more papers directed to their nearest Post Office address, at least ten days prior to the said second Monday of November next.

Certified from the Record under seal of said Court this 28th day of August, A. D., 1873.

AMON HOUCK, Sheriff.

Sept.10-4t.

STRAY STEER.

Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Walker township, on or about the first of August, a RED STEER, with White Face and Short Tail. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

MOSES MAMER.

Sept.24,1873-3t*

A SPLENDID PRIVATE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

The undersigned are authorized to offer the splendid private residence, late tne property of Miles Lewis, Esq., dec'd., on Washington street, between 7th and 8th streets, known as the "Foster Property," for sale. The lot is a triangle formed by Washington street and a fifteen feet alley, having a frontage of Two Hundred and Twenty Feet on Washington street, every part of which can be utilized for building purposes. The house is a large, two-story frame building, containing eleven rooms, six below and five above, most conveniently arranged, with kitchen attachments and other outbuildings. There is a never-failing well of excellent soft water upon the rear porch, and a well-finished cellar. Two of the lower rooms can readily be converted into store rooms.

There is no more desirable property in the town, and none that seems to offer such a rare opportunity for a profitable investment. The property is offered at private sale for the present, but if not sold before the 11th day of October next it will be offered at public sale on that day.

For further particulars and terms apply to or address

J. R. DURBORROW & CO.,
Real Estate Agents,
Huntingdon, Pa.

aug-13,tf]

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From Saratoga Springs and Lake Champlain.

AUGUST, 2d, 1873.

I believe we were sailing up the Hudson, when we last bade you adieu. After having enjoyed the delightful sail, the refreshing breeze, and the pleasure of gazing, at leisure, at the fine views either side of the river, we reached Albany, and were soon amid the dust, heat, noise and jam of the railway car, and after a tedious ride of several hours, we landed at Saratoga, half dreading and fearing that we would find no place to lay our heads—it being race week and Saturday—but we were agreeably disappointed. None of the hotels are full, indeed, mountain houses, seaside hotels and all resorts have much less to do this season, owing to the scarcity of money and the great travel to Europe, consequently we had the best of accommodations.

Saratoga—that Mecca towards which old and young set their faces, with an earnest enthusiasm that might well vie with that of the oriental pilgrims. But the springs are truly wonderful; thirty or more, each differing from the other. Strange that such a little valley should contain such an inexhaustible medicinal supply, and that the properties of each should so greatly differ. Congress, Empire, Washington and the Geyser are the principal springs. A vast amount of water is daily sent away from each of these to all parts of the world, and yet no diminution in strength or quantity. How the people crowd about these springs before breakfast! Some drinking four or five glasses of what, to us, is far from being a nectarian draught. But I suppose one can learn to like it. Let me suggest, if you want real enjoyment, perfect rest and elegant leisure, then stop at the Clarendon Hotel, not large in comparison with the mammoth hotels about it, though it can accommodate four or five hundred guests, but it is so luxurious, quiet and select, not so many birds on the wing, but good, substantial, aristocratic families come here, the same every year, till they are identified with the place. Stout, fair-faced old ladies, with placid smiles and tiny wrinkles on either cheek, who wear dainty little caps, from under which peeps a cunning little grey curl, and such stately black dresses, and such diamonds! Around each of these wise old ladies, are generally three or four lovely daughters, who have so many pleasant nothings to say, and are so delightfully busy over a bit of worsted or embroidery, or else are so daintily indolent, with no thought of flirting, for there are few young men here to flirt with; and there, too, is papa, with his self-satisfied smiles and gold-headed cane. Such groups are seen everywhere. We like this stately hotel, with its stately people, its cool, elegant parlors, its quiet and attentive servants, and as much as anything, we like the softly shaded dining hall, with its many little round tables ladened with food, rare enough to please the daintiest epicure; but we will leave this Sybaris, and take a peep at the great hotels, viz: Grand Hotel, Congress Hall, and Grand Union, all immense structures, each containing over a thousand people; tumult, excitement, folly and fashion reign supreme; indeed it is New York transferred to Saratoga for the season, and as we pass from each of these superb hotels, and from room to room, we see a world of faces and characters pass before us, as thro' a kaleidoscope; grave faces, sad, hopeless, yearning faces, peevish, fretful faces, sweet, fresh young faces, and happy old faces; there is John Morrissy, who has his famous gambling house here—a splendid building which could tell many a tale of deeds within—there is Vanderbilt, with his millions, hale and handsome; here a senator, there a congressman, and there a clergyman, looking happy and contented, as well-fed, well-kept clergymen always do look; the blaze man of society, the native born aristocrat, the shoddyist, and the pale-faced invalid, all live, move and have their happy or unhappy existence here; but despite all, Saratoga has its sweetness, its beauty, and utility; and we leave it regretfully, by railway to Whitehall, and from there, by boat, up Lake Champlain. (I mean down, but going north it seems up.)

The scenery on the Vermont side is rugged. Occasionally we saw a nice farm and farm-house. Far off the Green Mountain peaks loom up, and on the New York side we caught glimpses of the Adirondacks. The air was cool, the lake smooth as glass, and the sail delightful. We landed at Westport, a small village on our left, and crossed over the lake to Fort Cassin, on the Vermont side, where we now are. It is a large, substantial stone house, and was used as a barracks for soldiers in the war of 1812, and was named for Lieut. Cassin. Some of the fortifications are still here. The house stands on a peninsula, bounded on the north and west by Lake Champlain, on the south by Big Otter Creek, which here flows into the lake.—This creek has the appearance of a Southern stream, and is twenty or more feet deep, and sluggish and dark, with swamps on either side bordered by low willows and large trees, whose branches meet above and form an archway, making a sail delightful, while one can lazily troll for pickerel and pike, and pluck pond lillies and fight mosquitoes. During the war the gunboats that were used on Lake Champlain were made in Vergennes, nine miles from Fort Cassin, and the oldest and smallest city in the Union, and floated down Otter Creek into the lake.

What a gloriously jolly life we do lead here! and for us, it is the very acme of enjoyment; the cool, pure, fresh breeze from the mountain and lake, the delightful rambles in the wood, the half sitting, half reclining on the rocks, listening to the dreamy, musical monotone of the waves, as they dash up the sides of the rock close to our feet; then to row over the lake right into a school of fish where there are hundreds grouped together, to watch them at play, looking like tiny gold cresents as they revel in the sunshine; poor, pretty little fish, it is exciting to watch you bite, and pull you up as fast as we can throw in the line, but it is cruel too.

By the way, the last sensation here is the Lake Serpent, which is said to be enormous, fifty feet long or more—though it varies in size according to different accounts—and which travels up and down the lake to the terror of all who behold it. It is said to have come originally from Lake George, indeed one account is that a man having seen the huge thing there, took a party of men and went in pursuit of it, he growing tired, sat down upon a log, and after whittling a stick, stuck a knife into the log, upon which it slowly moved away. N. B.—We didn't see this serpent.

But this is nothing to the excitement of three years ago. A party of gentlemen known as the "Eagle and Woodchuck Club," who were spending the season here fishing, wild duck shooting, &c., were one night started from their peaceful slumber by one of their number, who jumped frantically from his bed, and with eyes staring, hair on end, and limbs trembling, pointed to the open window, and exclaimed, in accents of terror, "there! there! don't you see him, that blasted Thuthersounger? he rides right over everything!" Who can describe the horror of the Club, on beholding a creature with great wings, the body of a lobster and the visage of a beast! when they recovered their senses the *thing* was gone, and strange to say, has never been seen since. Now, I won't vouch for the truth of this story, but I saw a member of the Club who told me, aye the veritable artist who made a sketch of the great "Thuthersounger" as he appeared that night, and also of the terror-stricken face of the man who first saw it; the picture, I myself saw, as it still hangs in the north room of the hotel. The story is also authenticated by Mr. Scott, the gentlemanly proprietor, and former landlord of Fort Cassin House. (This animal is not described in the works of Prof. Agassiz or in those of any other naturalist, and is known only to the members of the "Eagle and Woodchuck Club.")

And now, having spun out this letter too long already, you will allow me to bid you an abrupt adieu, with a trip through Lake George in view, and whether or not I find it all my fancy painted, you will surely hear from me.

GIPSEY WILDE.

The First American Newspaper.

The story of the first American newspaper, brief as was its life, is full of curious interest. Seventy years after the landing of the Pilgrims on Plymouth Rock, and two hundred and fifty years after the invention of printing, a newspaper was issued in Boston. It lived one day, and only one copy is known to have been preserved. That copy was discovered by the historian of Salem, the Rev. J. B. Felt, in the Colonial State paper Office, in London, while engaged in researches relating to the history of his own city. This pioneer of American journalism was published by Benjamin Harris at the London Coffee House, Boston, and was printed for him by Richard Pierce, on Thursday the 25th of September, 1690—nearly two centuries after the discovery of the New World by Columbus. The paper was printed on three pages of a folded sheet, leaving one page blank, with two columns to a page, and each page about eleven inches by seven in size. Harris proposed to issue his paper once a month, or oftener if there should be a "glut of occurrences." His first—and as it turned out his only number—contained several columns of home and foreign gossip, without a word of editorial comment. Unfortunately for the success of his undertaking, he printed one or two items of local and military news which set the official busy bodies in a ferment of indignation. The legislative authorities solemnly determined that the paper came out contrary to law, and that it contained "reflections of a very high nature." To prevent Mr. Harris from issuing a second number, they forbade "anything in print without license first obtained from those authorized by the government to grant the same." In this way, the first American newspaper came to grief; and but for the accidental preservation of a single copy in London, its very name would nave passed into oblivion.—*Harper's Magazine.*

A Camp Meeting Story.

The Martha's Vineyard correspondent of the New Bedford *Standard* says: Camp-meeting John Allen is on a visit to the Vineyard, and we spent a very pleasant hour with him on the Sabbath. He has attended 235 camp meetings, and in answer as to his age remarked that he felt as young as twenty-six, but was in his seventy-ninth year. In the course of the conversation, he remarked what unruly boys ministers were blessed with, and thought it best to give us a little circumstance that happened on one of his circuits.

A reverend gentleman, somewhat advanced in years, was called to follow his partner in life to the grave, and, sufficient time having passed to keep her memory sacred, the old gentleman took it into his head that he had better marry again. His boy, finding out that his father was about to marry a girl of twenty-two, just set to and gave the "old gentleman" a lecture. The reverend listened to the boy until his patience and good nature were about exhaustod. Finally, the boy seeing that he could not make his father angry, finished his lecture with this remark. "Well, I don't care if you marry the devil's mother." The face of his father reddened a little as he looked at his son and remarked: "O! I buried her last Spring." We think Uncle John loves to tell these stories, as a good hearty laugh was enjoyed by him after this.

Familiar Words.

The slang expression for death, "kicking the bucket," had its origin from one Boisover, who, in England, a great while ago, committed suicide by standing on a bucket and kicking the bucket from under him.

The word "bumper," meaning a full drink when friends are drinking, is a corruption of the toast offered in French to the Pope when the Catholic religion was in the ascendant in England.

To dun, to press for money due, comes from one Joe Dunn, a famous bailiff of Lincoln, in England, during the reign of Henry VII. He was so commonly successful in collecting money that when a man refused to pay the creditor was asked why he didn't Dunn him.

Humbug is a corruption of the Irish word "nimbog," pronounced oombug, signifying soft copper, or brass, or worthless money. At first applied to the worthless coin, the word became the general title for anything false or counterfeit.

The sign viz: signifying to wit, or namely is an abbreviation of videllect; but the third letter was not originally z; it was the mark used in medicine for a drach m in writing much resembles z, and in viz. was simply used as a mark or sign of abbreviation.

WITH the working men of all grades and classes the great object of reading is the recreation of the mind—that is to say, diversion or distraction from pressing thoughts or wearisome confusion. This object can be served only by such reading as will fulfill the purpose; and any reading which does this, and does no harm, is extremely useful reading indeed.

VOTE THE WHOLE TICKET.

Presidential Proclamation.

WASHINGTON, September 23.—The following was issued to-day: By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATIOM.

Whereas, Satisfactory evidence was given me on the 13th day of September, current, by the Marquis de Noalles, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from the French republic, that on and after the 1st day of October next, merchandise imported into France in vessels of the United States from whatever country will be subject to no other duties or imports than those which shall be collected upon merchandise imported into France from countries of its origin or any other country in French vessels, now, therefore, I, U. S. Grant, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, do hereby declare and acclaim that on and after the 1st day of October next, so long as merchandise imported into France in vessels of the United States, whether from the countries of its origin or from other countries, shall be admitted into ports of France on the terms aforesaid, the discriminating duties heretofore levied upon merchandise imported into the United States in French vessels, either from the country of its origin or from any other country, shall be and are hereby discontinued and abolished.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this 22d day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and of the independence of the United Statets of America the ninety-eighth.

By the President: U. S. GRANT.
J. C. BANCROFT,
Acting Secretary of State.

LITERARY NOTICES.—It is a difficult task for the pen to describe the artistic beauties of the October *Aldine*, a number which flashes with rare gems of art, even as the October foliage assumes Oriental splendors. There are four full page pictures in this issue, each a master production, by celebrated artists. Mr. John Davis has a lovely picture called "Nutting," a group of children beneath chestnut trees; Mr. Alex. Lawrie gives a grand view of Elizabeth Valley, in the world famed Adirondack region of New York; Mr. Holman Hunt, the famous English artist, is represented by "The Eve of St. Agnes; and Mrs. Greatorex has a characteristic sketch of an old house in New York City, the Harsen Mansion. Besides these great pictures, Mr. Kruseman Van Elten gives a mid-summer view on Salmon Brook, in Conn., Mr. J. McEntee, of the National Acadeny, has a brilliant and dreamy October sketch called "Falling Leaves," as good as anything which ever came from the pencil of this famous artist, a bird picture of a duck and sparrows, called "Opulence and Indigence," is after Gustavus Lus; an original American landscape scene represents the flight of wild geese over a reedy lake; there is a magnificent portrait of the beautiful and accomplished Angelica Kaufmann; and Benjamin Vautier, one of the most popular painter at Dusseldorf, has a charming German interios called "Poor Pussy!" The remaining illustrations are a little gem, "The Summer Shower," and a view of "The Hinter See, in Upper Bavaria." No art journal in the new world has ever attempted to give in one number so many rare and beautiful pictures. The literary contents of the October ALDINE are unusually brilliant and piquant; as crisp as the air of October. In poetry Geo. W. Sears writes of "October;" Mario S. Ladd, of "Endeavor;" W. W. Bailey, of "The Forest Spring;" W. L. Shoemaker, of "The Red Lily;" and Nellie C. Hastings, of "A Dead Life." A better collection of poems seldom appears in an American magazine. In romance Lucy Ellen Guernsey has a gracefully written story called "Penelope's Web," and W. F. Yocum, a thrilling tale of the "Loss of the 'Oro Fino.'" James Jackson Jarvis writes of "The Lady of Bellos guardo," who was the intimate friend of Mrs. Browning; Mrs. M. Despard describes the old "Harsen House;" Francis Tiffany has an essay on "The Rage for Depicting Reality," in which he narrates the love life of Moliere; there is a lengthy sketch of Angelica Kaufmann; and Gath Brittle has an amusing chapter on "Curious Advertisements." Dr. Faller-Walker, the editor of THE ALDINE, has articles on "St. Agnes," "Salmon Brook," "Falling Leaves," "Elizabeth Valley," "Among the Birds," and "A German Interior," He also writes of the "Central Park Bronzes" in the art column, and of Philip Gilbert Hamerton's "Intellectual Life," and the President of Spain's (Emilio Castelar) "Old Rome and New Italy." The musical departmeet glances at the coming New York season, and reviews music abroad. From this outline sketch of the October ALDINE, it will be seen that it has an immense variety of art gems and literary articles of the highest order. Subscription price $5, including Chromos "Village Belle" and "Crossing the Moor." James Sutton & Co., publishers, 58 Maiden Lane, New York.

The October number of *Lippincott's Magazine* presents rare attraction, as will be seen from the following summary of its contents:

There is presented an interesting article on the reigning King of Bavaria, Ludwig the Second, whose liberal and enlightened policy, while endearing him to the mass of his subjects, has made him a mark for the attacks of the Jesuits and reactionists. The writer, a resident of Munich, gives many details in regard to the character and habits of the king, illustrating his stainless life, cultivated intellect, and devotion to the interests of his people.

A brilliant article from the pen of Mr. Will Wallace Harnep, entitled "A Strange Land and a Peculiar People," describes the mountain region forming the border land of Kentucky and Tennesee, giving vivid pictures of the country and its inhabitants, and narratives of some exciting episodes in the civil war, and the bitter feuds to which it gave rise in this "debatable land." Another article touching on some of the scenes and events of the great struggle, is an illustrated paper depicting the country between the Potomac and the Ohio, following the course of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. It is graphically written and finally illustrated.

The "New Hyperion," with its delightful illustrations by Gustave Dore, grows in interest, the present installment containing some interesting particulars of the siege of Strasburg during the late war.

Miss Howitt's "Home in the Tyrol" is concluded in this number, as is also "On the Church Steps," the final chapters giving a somewhat piquant sketch of the Shaker community in Berkshire County, Massachusetts.

"A Princess of Thule," by William Black, of which a long installment is given, increases in attractiveness, the story being here brought to a crisis.

Several charming Poems and an interesting variety of "Gossip" complete a very attractive number.

Appleton's *Journal* gives in a weekly form all the features of a monthly magazine. Its weekly issue brings it a more frequent visitor to the family than is the case with a monthly periodical, while, in course of the year, a much greater aggregate and a larger variety of papers are furnished than are given in any of the regular monthlies. But, for those who prefer it, the journal is put up it monthly parts, and in this form its scope and variety, as compared with other magazines, become conspicuously apparent. Price, 10 cents per Number; or $4.00 per Anuum, in advance. Subscriptions received for Twelve or Six months. Subscription price monthly parts, $4.50. D. Appleton & Co., Publishers, New York City.

The Sanitarian, a monthly Journal published by A. S. Barnes & Co., Nos. 111 and 113 William Street, New York, for September, is upon our table. It is the first number that we have seen and we must admit that we are very favorably impressed with it. It discusses all the various sanitary measures that are adopted from time to time, and points out remedies which will tend to prolong life. Its subscription price is but $3.00 per annum. The imprint of A. S. Barnes & Co., is a sure guarantee that the journal is all that is claimed for it.

The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - - EDITOR

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Wednesday Morning, October 8, 1873.

Circulation LARGER than any other Paper in the Juniata Valley.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

SUPREME JUDGE:

Hon. Isaac G. Gordon, of Jefferson.

STATE TREASURER:

Hon. Robert W. Mackey, of Allegheny.

SENATOR:

John Irwin, jr., of Centre county.

ASSEMBLY:

William K. Burchinell, of Huntingdon.

COUNTY TREASURER:

Thomas W. Montgomery, of West.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER:

Charles R. McCarthy, of Clay.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:

James H. Lee, of Jackson.

AUDITOR:

James H. Davis, of Morris.

JURY COMMISSIONER:

John G. Stewart, of Mt. Union.

CORONER:

John Laporte, of Franklin.

Attention, Campaign Subscribers.

With this issue the campaign closes. All those who desire the continuation of the JOURNAL at 50 cents for three months, $1 for six, and $2 for one year, will please say so to their Post Master and it will be continued. Payment can be made at any time within the time subscribed for.

Every head of a family in the county should take at least one county paper. It is almost an absolute necessity. We hope all our campaign subscribers will continue. Let the Postmaster know promptly, whether you desire it or not. Don't delay.

☞ John Laporte, esq., is our candidate for Coroner. Don't fail to vote for him!

☞ Everybody likes Mackey. He is a man of the people. The people prefer one of their number.

☞ Go for McCarthy and save the funds of the county. The League must not control them. Vote for McCarthy.

☞ Do not fail to vote for Supreme Judge. It is the most important office, after the Governor, in the State. Vote for Isaac G. Gordon.

☞ Not to give the idea too dramatic a turn, it seems as if the Pennsylvania Democracy were determined to *Shake-Speer*. —*St. Louis Democrat.*

☞ If you want to keep the Leaguers from controlling the Commissioner's office and running up the taxes to enormous figures, vote for that sterling Republican, C. R. McCarthy.

☞ Hon. Isaac G. Gordon is a sound jurist, an upright judge, and a popular citizen. At his home he is a favorite without distinction of party. He will be elected handsomely.

☞ If you want more of League rule you can have the Porter, Union and Poor House policy repeated readily. It is a splendid thing for the Leaguers, but the tax-payers must pay the piper.

☞ Nobody disputes Robert W. Mackey's ability as a financier. He has been tried and has not been found wanting. His opponent is a stranger to the office and to the people. Vote for Mackey!

☞ M. M. McNeil, esq., is laboring hard for the election of his "young brother, who is too modest to ask a man to vote for him." Vote for Tommy Montgomery, the people's candidate for Treasurer!

"How much are you out on Jay Cook & Co.?—*Clarion Republican.*

Nary red. We are astonished at you supposing that we were short on Jay Cook & Co.'s account. Our shortness is altogether owing to the tardiness of our delinquent subscribers.

☞ The card published in the JOURNAL two weeks ago, by Peter Knode, of Birmingham, was signed by that gentleman and given to one of Birmingham's best citizens and forwarded by him to this place. The letter in the last *Globe*, we suspect, is a forgery.

☞ The League numbers about 250 votes in this county. It is making a strong effort for about 75 straight temperance men; if it receives all these, and most assuredly it will not, it would be able to muster 325 votes all told. This is the force that is to defeat the regular ticket. Bah!

☞ Guss, it is said, preached in Newport Sunday a week ago. He then came home and issued the *Globe* of last week. This reminds us of a little colloquy:

Father—"Son, did you sand the sugar and water the milk?"

Son—"Yes, father."

Father—"Then let us pray!"

☞ Capt. Burchinell went into the service of his country at the early age of eighteen, participated in twenty-four battles, and numerous skirmishes, while his opponents were at home throwing cold water upon the efforts of the government to crush the rebellion. Every soldier in the county will vote for their brave comrade.

☞ The Altoona *Tribune* draws it mildly thus:

If the Pennsylvania Railroad company would treat the people of Huntingdon as they deserve to be treated, they would tear up every track and siding within the corporate limits of the aristocratic town and remove the same to the "other shore of the beautiful river" as the poets would put it. The Republican candidate for the Legislature to the contrary notwithstanding.

What's the matter now? Who's hurt?

The Huntingdon JOURNAL is having a lawsuit with A. W. Kenyon, treasurer of Huntingdon county, who refuses to pay a bill of $20 for service rendered during the campaign which resulted in Kenyon's election to an office which pays him $2,000 per annum. Our sympathies are all with the *Journal.* Politicians must be taught that fidelity to party don't require any editor to expend his time, money and brains for any man or set of men gratuitously.—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

That's so. And no man with the soul of a flea would expect an editor to deny the various charges that are brought against him as a candidate and to keep him before the public, to enable him to realize both honors and profits, without paying for the services. We want it distinctly understood that our labor is worth all we charge, and we must be paid for it. Our charges are reasonable and just, and we will insist upon payment.

Republicans of Huntingdon County!

On next Tuesday the unparalleled political strife, which has been waged, for many months, in this county, almost entirely through the newspapers, will, we hope, come to a close. We assure our readers that this will be the case so far as the JOURNAL is concerned. We have done our work; it now devolves upon you, honest yeomanry of Huntingdon county, to do yours.

WHAT ARE YOU DOING? Have you done anything to bring about the overthrow of the infamous League that has been fattening upon your hard earnings for years?

If you have not, you have little appreciation of the bitter struggle and fierce denunciation which those who have been fighting your battles have encountered!

The fight has been the fight of the Honest People against concentrated Wrong.

The fight of the Farmer and Mechanic against a Sworn Band of Conspirators, whose only object has been Plunder!

The fight of the Laboring Man against a League which, to him, was equal to a League with Death and the worst that comes after it!

And have you stood here idle all this time? If you have, it were time that you were buckling on your armor and entering the fight!

Go to work and let the scoundrels that have been robbing you and eating up your store, feel the force of your efforts!

Visit every Republican in your neighborhood, and see that he attends the election!

If he cannot attend without aid, help him out!

And on the morning of the election be early on the ground, remain all day, and see that every voter votes the ticket which he desires to vote!

THIS IS YOUR DUTY! As we have already said, the fight has been to relieve you of a Sworn Band of Scoundrels who have fastened themselves, worse than barnacles, upon the Republican party, and who have been robbing the masses to enrich themselves. We have no further interest in this matter than to relieve the party and the tax-payers of such parasites. We have made the fight solely for these purposes, and for the additional reason that you asked us to do it; and the result has been that we, and a few others, have been abused, libelled, slandered and blackguarded unparalleled in the history of political warfare. No pirate has been worse assailed. We were in the foreground and received their concentrated fire No libel has been too vile or slander too malicious for them to use, nor has there been a lie too glaring for them to promulgate. We have been obliged to endure this to accomplish the purpose which you and all good citizens desire to have accomplished.

Now, will you permit the victory to perch on their banners for want of a few days' earnest work? We hope not.

If we and others have withstood their storm of abuse for your emancipation, then you should not fail to do the small portion of the work which will make all our efforts a success.

Let not next Tuesday's sun set until every position—strong and weak—of the League is routed and the base slanders which it perpetrated upon our citizens forced down the throat of the lying author.

Work! WORK! WORK! FOR THE WHOLE TICKET!

THE LAST CARD EXPOSED.

The Globe's "Drunk" SOBERED!!

The *Globe*, of this week, contains an article of almost a column, charging Capt. Burchinell with having attended a party, at Waterstreet, without date, and having been excessively intoxicated on the occasion. Fortunately there were others who attended the party in question, among whom was Lieut. W. F. Cunningham, who, it will be seen, makes the following affidavit covering the charge in question:

HUNTINGDON COUNTY, SS.

Before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for said county, personally appeared W. F. Cunningham, who, being duly sworn according to law, does depose and say: That his attention has been called to a charge which, it is alleged will be made public through the columns of the Huntingdon *Globe*, this week, charging Capt. Wm. K. Burchinell with having attended a party, at Waterstreet, some time last winter, and with having been drunk on said occasion and having been carried to bed. Wm. K. Burchinell was, TO MY CERTAIN KNOWLEDGE, NOT DRUNK ON SAID OCCASION, *nor was he carried to bed*, and the story is a malicious slander, gotten up to defeat an innocent man.

W. F. CUNNINGHAM.

Sworn and subscribed, before me, this 7th day of October, 1873.

JNO. O. MURRAY, J. P.

The people can now see what the men who are running the League will do. Was there ever a more villainous set of scoundrels left unhung?

SOLDIERS, READ THE CHARGES OF COWARDICE PREFERRED AGAINST A COMRADE IN THIS WEEK'S *Globe.*

Every soldier will resent, with his ballot, the assault upon the honor and the patriotism of those who took their lives in their hands. No soldier will allow a comrade to be struck down in this way. No! No!! A coward *may*, but a soldier, NEVER!

SOLDIERS, STAND BY YOUR COMRADES AND RESENT THE INSULT.

WOODS, M'ATEER, M'KNIGHT WILLIAMSON AND PETRIKEN IN THE LOWER END.

These gentlemen went together to the Lower End to get all the substantial Leaguers to go for McAteer. The last link in the chain has been riveted. Sheriff Neeley, Doc. Thompson, Dr. Shade and John Logan are to work from this out directly for McAteer, unless the voter cannot be controlled to this extent, when he is to go for Dunn. We knew it would come to this.

DUNN TO COME OFF.

The "Potato Bug" Committee is to meet on the 9th instant, to induce Dunn to draw off, but it will be no go. Dunn is on, and the dog is dead, and Burchinell will be the next member of the Legislature. Vote for a live man, one who does something for the laboring man. Vote for Burchinell.

ABUSING THE PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY.

The editor of the *Globe* this week instead of confining himself to his campaign, as any sensible man who understands the running of one would have done, takes up one-half of his paper abusing us. By drawing his fire we have saved our candidates. Good! We can stand it.

MURDER WILL OUT!

How Conductor McAteer came to be Discharged.

Early last week a report reached here that M. McAteer, esq., the well-known conductor on the Pennsylvania Railroad, had been removed, and at once a terrible howl was set up, by interested parties, charging that it was the result of political persecution. Hon. John Scott and our candidate for the Legislature, Capt. Wm. K. Burchinell, were prominently named as having brought about the removal. Mr. Speer and the Democratic candidate for Assembly got astride of this charge and rode it almost to death. They were going to tear things now! It was useless for the gentlemen named to assert their innocence. They knew better! And Capt. Burchinell must be defeated.

The conspirators, who were harping away on this string, thought they had it all their own way, but late in the week came a clap of thunder. The following letter, a literal copy of the original, save that we have left out the date and place of destination for obvious reasons, given to a gentleman sometime ago, came to hand. It speaks for itself. It was this little game between the brothers, unravelled by "spotters" on the road, that did the business. But here is the letter:

"ALEXANDRIA, Sept. —, 1873.

"DEAR BROTHER:—Take the bearer to —— on Friday and arrange to send him home on Sunday or Monday.

"He is good for several votes.

"Your Brother,

"HARRY."

Address on envelope:

"M. MCATEER, ESQ.,
Conductor, P. R. R."

The gentleman to whom this letter was given, is an excellent Republican, and will produce the original, in the handwriting of H. J. McAteer, esq., whenever it is desired. This is the way in which votes were being made for McAteer, and the Company defrauded! Is there any wonder that his services were dispensed with? Honest Democrats, you could not get passes!

If any one doubts, after reading the above, let him read the following correspondence between Col. Dorris and J. Edgar Thomson, esq., President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and be convinced:

"HUNTINGDON, Oct. 4, 1873.

"J. EDGAR THOMSON,
"President Penn'a. R. R. Co.,
"Philadelphia.

"Friends of Harry McAteer are making public statements that his brother Matthew was discharged, as Conductor, at the solicitation of Senator Scott and W. K. Burchinell. Another statement is that he was discharged for violation of his duty in passing persons without authority.

"As it has become a matter of public comment, in justice to the gentlemen named, will you please give me the facts?

"WILLIAM DORRIS."

"PHILADELPHIA, Oct 4, '73.

"Neither Mr. Scott or Burchinell were instrumental, IN ANY WAY, in procuring the discharge of Mr. McAteer.

"J. EDGAR THOMSON."

These telegrams ought to settle that little campaign fib!

WHAT A STRANGER THINKS.

The officers of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society do not encourage their own mechanics, if we may judge from their premium list, which we found, a few days since, on the table of the Exchange hotel, in that place. The list was printed at Lancaster. If the men of type in Huntingdon—of which there are three or four—cannot execute an ordinary pamphlet of fifty pages, they should shut up shop, and go fishing. It may be an act of niggardliness on the part of the officers of the society, that deprived our cotemporaries of this small job. It is, however, a way some people have of treating those who labor to build up a town—and what class of mechanics contribute more to this end than those connected with the newspaper press? If you desire to retard the progress of a place, to destroy its prosperity, have all your work done abroad, make all your purchases in the cities, and soon the mechanics and storekeepers will be driven out, and the hogs and cattle will take possession of your streets and roam unmolested, just as they do in Huntingdon.—*Delaware County Republican.*

DRAWING HIS BACK PAY.

McAteer is a true disciple of the back pay school. He was in the Democratic Convention and voted for the approval of "Back Pay Speer." He was not content with having drawn his pay while a conductor on the Penn'a. Railroad, but puts in for a little back pay by getting his brother to carry passengers on his private notes who are *"good for several votes."* When caught in this, Speer takes up the cry of his back pay brother and endorser, and starts to the lower end of the county, getting down to the dirty business of retailing the miserable falsehood that Senator Scott had caused the discharge of McAteer's brother. That slander has come to roost, and the two back pay disciples who carried and circulated it have found their mistake. Are they manly enough to retract their slander?

THE GAME NOT WORTH THE CANDLE.

Occasionally some persons from the country, who think the decencies of life should be respected, ask a question why the editor of the *Globe* is not prosecuted and punished for some of the libels which are every week appearing in his sheet. They have the idea that it is the duty of some public officer to prosecute what every body considers a common nuisance. When informed, however, that it is not the duty of the Prosecuting Attorney or any other public officer, unless some citizen made the information, they all agree that the people libelled do right, that they "could not handle pitch and not be defiled by it," and that it is as well to let him go on and die of his own nastiness.

THE BRIDGE FABRICATION.

Jonathan Evans, esq., has been endeavoring to make the people, who are interested in a bridge across the Juniata, at or near Brumbaugh's, in Penn township, believe that the reason no bridge has been erected at that point, is, that the Grand Jury refused to approve of the site. This is not the case. Both the Grand Jury and Court approved of the matter many months ago, and Evans has opposed its erection, and all his promises to the effect that if the people will elect Gilliland he, Evans, will join him and erect a bridge at that point. come to naught. He is fooling you. Vote for McCarthy!

THE YOUNG MEN TO THE FRONT.

The intelligent and active young men of the county are with us. They are hitting the League fearful licks. This is right. Intelligence and honesty cannot abide such an infamous organization.

A BASE SLANDER NAILED!

Capt. Burchinell a Sober, Industrious and Moral Citizen!

VILLAINY OF THE LEAGUE EXPOSED!

Immediately after the 12th of August Convention, the leaders of the infamous League, began to cast about them to find some pretext for opposing the excellent ticket, fresh from the people, nominated by this Convention. They had one principal object in view, and that was, if possible, to bring about the defeat of the candidate for the Legislature, because in him they thought they could more effectually carry out their vindictiveness against Hon. John Scott; and beyond this, politics is a mere matter of business with them, and they saw more money in the Legislative nomination than any other office to be filled, consequently they knew if they were to make anything out of politics this Fall, it must be made by an effort to defeat Capt. Burchinell. They saw very readily, as soon as H. J. McAteer, esq., received the nomination, that he was the fat goose to be plucked. But how to assail Capt. Burchinell successfully, a man whose record was as unsullied as new white paper, was not so readily settled! They could say naught against the man as a soldier! He who had participated in TWENTY-FOUR BLOODY BATTLES, WAS NO COWARD, *but a man who deserved well at the hands of those whose lives and property he had helped to save*, even if he had had a few trifling weaknesses that are common to the lot of the brave and the generous, but we will show, before we close this article, that no such faults, trifling as they may be, can be laid at his door. These dastardly traitors, guerrilla-like, under cover of their own infamy, sneak out of their dens, unable to find any other charge against him, and *charge him with being "an intemperate man, a common loafer, and an immoral man."*

So ridiculous did this charge seem to those who are intimately acquainted with Capt. Burchinell, that it was thought unworthy of notice, but so persistently has the story been repeated, by interested persons, that a few Republicans, who are unacquainted with Capt. Burchinell, have applied to us for information upon the subject.

We say here, now, THAT A MORE VILLAINOUS LIE, TO INJURE A YOUNG MAN, WAS NEVER CONCOCTED!

When Capt. Burchinell returned from the army he entered into a partnership with his father, under the firm name of "Thos. Burchinell & Son," to conduct a Planing Mill in West Huntingdon. The immediate management of this business, constantly employing from thirty to forty hands, devolved upon the Captain. He kept the books, raised the necessary funds to keep the business in motion, made the contracts for lumber, &c., &c., while the father took contracts for finished stuff and the erection and superintending of buildings. The responsibility of running the mill rested upon the shoulders of the Captain, and no man can superintend such an enterprise, employing such a force of men, without having his hands full. This the Captain has done for years, exhibiting truly remarkable business capacity and energy. For the truth of this statement we refer to any old citizen of Huntingdon, without regard to party. No man in the town of Huntingdon has been more severely worked than this man, and yet his assailants have charged him with being a "common loafer!" The people of Huntingdon, with a unanimity unparalleled, will give the lie to this base slander. The charge of immorality is in the same category. Let them produce a scintilla of evidence to sustain it.

Now, then, for the charge of intemperance. *We have been intimately acquainted with Capt. Burchinell for almost three years, have met him almost daily, and yet, to the best of our knowledge*, WE HAVE NEVER SEEN HIM TAKE A DRINK OF LIQUOR, OR UNDER ITS INFLUENCE, IN ALL THAT TIME, *and until after he was nominated for the Legislature we never heard a word even intimated that he was addicted to intemperate habits.* If any of our readers have any doubts upon this subject we refer them to J. R. Simpson, esq., G. B. Armitage, esq., K. Allen Lovell, esq., S. T. Brown, esq., Dr. A. B. Brumbaugh, and, in fact, any life-long temperance man in Huntingdon.

Guss, Woods & Co. manufactured this falsehood out of whole cloth. Let it rebound upon their heads. A more correct, honorable, industrious, sober and moral young man than Capt. Burchinell is not to be found anywhere, and the people of the county will show their appreciation of these qualities by electing him, on the second Tuesday of October, by a clear majority over all opponents.

WHY I WON'T VOTE FOR DUNN.

MR. EDITOR:—I will not vote for David Dunn

1st. Because he is the tool of the Thugs.

2d. Because he is running in the interest of McAteer.

3d. Because he is willing to be the candidate of any party.

4th. Because Guss, Woods & Co. are his masters, and he has to dance to their music.

5th. Because he gives the lie to his Temperance professions, by keeping his whiskey and ale in his cellar.

6th Because if enough Republicans vote for him to elect M'Ateer his masters will pocket that *other* thousand dollars promised them.

HONEST REPUBLICAN.

CAN YOU TRUST HIM?

We call the attention of the people to the facts stated elsewhere in this number of the JOURNAL, exposing a falsehood intended to injure Capt. Burchinell, and showing how H. J. McAteer was himself the cause of his brother's discharge from employment by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. When they look at this, let them ask the question whether the man who would enter into a conspiracy to defraud his former employers, and when detected in it, resort to the slander of other people to cover his tracks and divert attention from the real author of his brother's misfortune, is the right character to represent them in the Legislature? If he would defraud his former employers, would he scruple much at betraying the people's interests?

HORNING WILL RETAIN LOGAN.

Two weeks ago we charged Gilbert Horning with being committed to the retention of Logan as Steward of the Poor House in the event of his election. He has made no public denial since. Silence gives consent. Do you want the Poor House to cost $16,000 a year? If not, vote for Lee!

THE CAT OUT OF THE MEAL TUB.

In some parts of the county the Leaguers are already openly for McAteer, which is a great annoyance to Guss and Woods, as they intended the thing to be done on the sly, in the same manner in which they slaughtered Barker. Guss does some tall cursing on account of the exposure.

☞ Guss is running Green strong. It won't effect you, Tommy!

There are Only Two Parties.

Vote the Republican Ticket at Our Mast-head.

Before our next issue, the fate of the candidates, and in a great measure the fate of the Republican party, in this county, will be decided. We have no other interest in the matter than the success of the party whose principles we uphold, because we believe them right; neither have we any fears of the result, unless the Republican voters of this county are more easily misled than we suppose.

We do not propose to go over the questions discussed for several weeks in these columns, but merely place the issue before the people in its true light, and leave it in their hands.

The ticket, at the head of our columns, was regularly and fairly nominated, by a Convention called and organized according to the strict usages of the party. It is not only *the* ticket, and the ONLY ticket of the Republican party, but it is composed of as good men, from top to bottom, as ever claimed your suffrages. Why should it not be supported by every Republican in the county? Why was the second, or Bogus ticket, put up? Only because it was not composed of the tools and adherents of the League! There was no dissatisfaction anywhere else in the party.—"Rule or ruin" is their motto, and as no party or individual, who has any self-respect, can submit to their *rule*, let them have the ruin which they have invoked by their violent and unreasonable conduct.

Surely no amount of falsehood and slanderous attacks on the part of pretended Republicans can deprive our candidates of the support of the party. The men who make these charges do not believe a word of them. They are made only to divide the party they pretend to support, and to defeat its candidates without any hope or intention of electing their own. It is not our purpose, nor is it necessary, to attack the men set up by the League as its candidates It is composed of as good material as could be induced to become its tools for such a purpose, and it is, perhaps, more their misfortune than their fault that they have been placed in such a ridiculous position.

There is hardly a man on this ticket who was the *first* choice of these conspirators, nor will they be the LAST choice when it comes to election day. Fatally bent on mischief, it was necessary to have candidates, and such had to be taken as could be flattered into accepting or induced to keep quiet. But we will not waste ammunition on "dead ducks." There is no earthly reason why any one outside of the "three to eight" original Leaguers in a township should vote for them, and we are abundantly convinced, by the information in our possession, that they are only keeping up these candidates as a blind, whatever the candidates themselves may think.

Now, Republicans of Huntingdon county, there are really but two parties and two tickets. One is Republican and the other Democratic. A vote for any other than the ticket at our mast-head, is a vote against your party, against your principles, and in favor of your old opponents, who only need one more sound thrashing, such as we are able to give them, in order to end their days in this good old county.

Let us stand up to the work, then, and elect our whole ticket, without a scratch or a blot, and our word for it you will never regret it.

Let us have peace.

A WORD FOR THINKING PEOPLE.

The *Globe* asserts, very flippantly, that the contest for Assembly is confined to Dunn and McAteer, and that Burchinell is out of the question. If this be the case why does the *Globe* take up columns maligning and traducing the Captain? If he is not in the question why keep on pummelling him? Why not turn its attention to McAteer? A casual reader would suppose, from reading its weekly diatribes, that McAteer was out of the question and the fight was between Dunn and Burchinell.

Reader, the secret of all this is that McAteer is its candidate; Dunn is a mere screen, a blind!

AN IDEA FOR TEMPERANCE MEN.

The *Globe* is supporting Dunn on a Temperance Platform, yet there has never been an allusion, in that paper, to the record made by H. J. McAteer, esq., during two successive Winters, at Harrisburg, in vigorously opposing Local Option, or to his opposing it violently, at the polls, last Spring. Ain't this queer consistency?—Every person would suppose that a Temperance man would make use of all such little pranks, on the part of an opposing candidate, but the *Globe* "can't see it."

It's been "seen;" THE MONEY HAS BEEN PAID OVER! Temperance is a dodge, and Dunn is a mere stool-pigeon.

THEY SWEAR LIKE TROOPERS!

Guss and Woods say "Doc. Thompson is a d—n fool for openly advocating McAteer's election." They say "the arrangement was to hurrah for Dunn, but vote for McAteer on the sly! They are considerably down in the mouth at this exposure, and heap curses, both loud and deep, upon the head of the indiscreet Thompson.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE GREELEY CLUB TO THE RESCUE.

A sorehead named Thompson, who was President of the Greeley Club, last Fall, is out in a card in the last *Globe*, gotten up by Guss or Woods or both jointly, in which he reflects upon Mr. Macdonald. We suppose the latter can stand it, considering the source. It was this same Thompson who deceived Mr. Macdonald in regard to the character of the Bolters' Convention. This is the milk in the cocoa nut.

JUST THE MAN!

The *Monitor* of this week says that our candidate for Treasurer is worth from $15,000 to $20,000. Well, suppose he is? This is the strongest argument that can be used in favor of his election. If he is able to take care of his own monetary matters, the tax-payers can rest assured that he is the proper person to guard the funds of the county. Vote for Montgomery; he is honest and capable.

MEEK TRIES HIS HAND.

The last Bellefonte *Watchman* says that the Republican candidate for Assembly in this county is trading off our candidate for Senator. This is a whopper! There is no necessity for anything of the kind, and no person, except Meek, ever thought of such an improbable thing. That's a poor campaign lie, Meek. It won't win!

O, YES! O, YES!

The Bellefonte *Watchman* declares that Waream was Prothonotary of this county and also Treasurer, all of which is news to the people of this county. He was years ago Register and Recorder, then clerk to the commissioners, next justice of the peace, and lastly promoted to vendue crier—the last two of which he still holds.—*Lewistown Gazette.*

☞ Republicans, turn out on Tuesday next, and overwhelm the combined opposition of Democrats and Leaguers! Vote the whole ticket!

A REGULAR JAMBOREE.

McAteer and Guss Drunk Together.

DAVY DUNN SOLD OUT CLEAN.

On Thursday night, of last week, H. J. McAteer and Reverend Professor Abraham Lecherous Guss, editor of the *Thugs' Own*, met in a down-town beer saloon for the purpose of holding a "korkus" and making final arrangements for the entire force of Leaguers to vote for McAteer. Harry had purchased a keg of beer, and he and the Reverend indulged so frequently that they soon became very drunk and noisy. Drunk men, as a general thing, are not very discreet in their conversation, and these two worthies were no exception to the rule.—While half-seas-over, they talked so loud that they could be heard by persons in an adjoining room, and it was discovered that Guss was SELLING DUNN and promising to fill his paper this week with all manner of falsehoods and misrepresentations for the purpose of trying to injure Capt. Burchinell, even to the publication of LYING AFFIDAVITS! At a late hour of the night they left the "shebang," and Harry was so delighted with the arrangement that he could not refrain from patting the Reverend on his pious head and singing that once popular song, entitled, "Your'e the Bully Boy with the Glass Eye!"

Republicans, these are the men who are circulating stories derogatory to the character of Capt. Burchinell for sobriety and morality. They concoct their lies while in a state of intoxication, and ask respectable men to credit them! Ain't they beauties to traduce any man's character? Out upon such miscreants! They deserve the contempt and condemnation of every lover of good morals in the county. Show your disapproval of such baseness by giving a solid vote to Capt. W. K. Burchinell.

P. S.—Since the above was in type we learn that on Friday morning, after the drunk, the Reverend had some money to pay his employees! Did M'Ateer furnish it? or who?

WHAT THE REPUBLICAN PROPOSE TO DO WHO VOTES THE "POTATO BUG TICKET."

1. To defeat the Republican party.
2. To elect the Democratic ticket.
3. To ignore the Republican organization.
4. To encourage Bolting and guerillaism.
5. To aid and encourage a Sworn Band of political Thugs.
6. To foster a League that supports only its own members.
7. To encourage John Logan to increase the Poor House expenses.
8. To apologize for Laird and other Leaguers who have robbed the people by taxation.
9. To apologize for Woods for stuffing the Jury box.
10. To elect McAteer an anti-Local Option man to the Legislature.
11. To defeat Captain Burchinell a supporter of the Local Option Law.
12. To place himself in the Democratic party.

UNION TOWNSHIP TAXES.

MR. EDITOR:—Wesley Wright, the "Potato Bug" candidate for Jury Commissioner, is one of the men who fastened the bounty tax on Union township, and so burthensome has this tax become that tax-payers are almost despondent of ever ridding themselves of this unjust debt. There seems to be a mystery connected with this bounty tax. Thousands of dollars were borrowed, but soldiers received their bounty in bonds. Where did the money go to? Since then, those who figured in this bounty tax have been able to buy farms, build houses and barns, but before this they were too poor to build a respectable hen-coop The question naturally presents itself: "Where did they get the money?"

UNION.

TOO THIN A LIE!

The *Monitor* of this week has taken up the lie of the *Globe*, of a recent date, and says that Mr. Montgomery is running for Treasurer for the purpose of giving the office to A. Tyhurst, esq. This is simply a lie out of the whole cloth. Mr. Montgomery, when elected,—and there is no doubt of his election—will discharge the duties of the office in person, the lies of the *Globe* and *Monitor* to the contrary notwithstanding. Vote for Montgomery, the Farmers' candidate!

THE LEAGUE GOBBLES UP THE TAXES.

In Porter and Union, and, in fact, wherever the League has had control of things, the peoples' taxes have been poured out like water. Keep the affairs of the county out of their hands. Vote for Montgomery, McCarthy, Lee, Davis, Stewart, and Laporte!

HOW THE DEMOCRATS PLAY OFF ON DUNN.

When Dunn approaches a Democrat he is invariably told that all the Republicans in the neighborhood of the said Democrat are going to vote for him. Dunn sucks it all. In a number of districts he will be honored, when the returns are counted out, with a goose egg (0).

IN ITS DEATH THROES!

The League dies hard! An outraged people have the monster by the throat and it will be throttled to death 'ere Tuesday's sun sets. Republicans, tighten on the dangerous organization, and forever wipe it from the face of the earth. Vote the whole ticket!

WORDS OF CHEER.

Reports from every section of the county give promise of a glorious Republican triumph on Tuesday next. Close up the ranks, Freemen, and make a sweeping charge upon the lines of the Democrats and the Sworn Conspirators!

THE LEAGUERS IN UNION FOR M'ATEER.

We learn from Union that the Leaguers, to a man, are going for McAteer Thus they go and poor Dunn is bamboozled! A little ordinary shrewdness would have saved him this mortification.

BEWARE OF ROORBACKS.

All manner of tricks will be concocted by the Leaguers to defeat our candidates. Pay no attention to eleventh hour cards! They will be lies manufactured for the occasion.

VOTE FOR BURCHINELL!

Huzza for Burchinell, the poor man's friend! A long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether, and the enemies of a pure jury-box must go to the wall!

TURN OUT! TURN OUT!

Don't let a Republican voter stay at home on Tuesday next. A full vote, and the victory will be complete. Up, guards, and at 'em!

WATCH THE WINDOWS!

Honest Republicans, watch the election polls, and see that the Thugs do not cheat the unsuspecting. Watch them!

REPUBLICANS, CONSIDER.

First. That you have a ticket composed of good men, nominated in the regular way, by a Convention called by the recognized Chairman of the County Committee, composed of delegates elected by the People, and it is entitled to your support.

Second. That the Democrats have nominated a full ticket and are supporting it in opposition to the regular Republican ticket.

Third. That the only hope the Democrats have of electing any part of their ticket arises from the action of the few members of the Secret League who have set up a Bogus Ticket and are trying to deceive the people by calling it a Republican ticket.

Fourth. That the Democrats assisted in getting up the Bogus Convention, which nominated the ticket of Bolters in their interest.

Fifth. That not one word has been said, in the *Globe*, the Bolters' organ, against the Democratic ticket, while it has been unsparing in its abuse of every man on the Republican ticket.

Sixth. That quite a number of the men who were delegates to the Bolters' Convention, are now out openly advocating the election of Democrats.

Seventh. Putting all these things together, consider it certain that the Bolters and the Democrats will join hands, on the day of the election, for the election of the Democratic ticket, and as you cherish your party and your principles, give your efforts to get out every Republican vote, and show that the true Republican party of the county is stronger than the Democrats and the League combined.

WATCH THE TICKETS.

It has been reported to us that a systematic effort would be made, by the Leaguers, to destroy our tickets throughout the county. See to this. These scoundrels will do anything to carry their point.

POLITICAL FINE-CUT.

Vote the ticket solid!

Don't scratch a name!

Take the lame and sick to the polls.

See that your neighbor turns out on Tuesday.

M'Ateer is in favor of the Back Pay Steal! Vote for Burchinell!

Dunn will be the worst whipped man that ever ran for office in the county.

Only give Dunn a nomination for office and he is happy! Poor Dunn!

Republicans, don't be caught napping. Work unceasingly for the whole ticket!

The soldiers, to a man, will vote for their brave and gallant comrade, W. K. Burchinell.

Get out every Republican vote in your district. A full vote and the Thugs must go to the wall!

Soldiers, vote for the man who endured the hardships of war with you. Vote for Burchinell!

Tax-payers, if you don't want a shave-shop made out of the Treasurer's office, vote for Montgomery.

Vote for James H. Lee, and thus secure the removal of John Logan as Steward of the Poor House.

Guss and Woods are laboring hard for the election of McAteer. There is another thousand at stake.

The editor of the *Globe* will fill the Jury wheel if Wright, of Union township, is elected Jury Commissioner.

If you wish to keep the county funds out of the hands of Leaguers, vote the Republican ticket from top to bottom.

By the removal of John Logan, as Steward of the Poor House, thousands of dollars will be saved annually. Vote for Lee!

The friends of Will H. DeArmitt are "going for" M'Neil. They will teach him a lesson that he will not forget. Vote for Montgomery!

"Tommy" Montgomery, for the next two years, will handle the county finances, and he is just the man to do it satisfactorily.

John Logan is shaking in his boots, for he knows that the election of James H. Lee will compel him to pack his traps and travel.

Honest Democrats, remember that McAteer said, by his vote, in the late Democratic county convention that he was in favor of the Salary Steal!

Guss has made a squirt out of Dunn, through which he throws his dirty filth at the Republican nominees. Dunn is a fit instrument for *such* a scallawag!

The Thugs have made arrangements to sell out our candidate for Senator. Watch them, and see that no honest Republican scratches a single name on the ticket.

The Thugs will vote solid for McAteer. Poor Dunn will be cheated in the same manner that Hon. A. A Barker was by this Sworn Band of political highwaymen!

Since Dunn has become the tool of the League he has grown as proficient in the use of blackguard slang as his master, Guss. Shame! David, to bear false witness against thy neighbor!

Guss, Woods, Speer, Fleming, & Co., were kept busy last week, writing letters for the *Thugs' Own*, and signing other peoples' names to them. *Vide*, Thompson, McCahan, &c., &c.

The *Globe* says that Capt Burchinell is a loafer. Pray, then, what is Dunn? You can see him on the soft side of a box or door-step every day in the year almost. Who, then, is the loafer?

The Thugs want to continue to handle the county finances, but the people are determined that these political highwaymen must take back seats. Vote for Montgomery, McCarthy and Lee!

Tax-payers, if you want to save thousands of dollars of the peoples' money, vote for "Honest Jim Lee" for Director of the Poor. He will make that honest (?) soul, John Logan, "git up and git!"

Guss and Woods are trading John Irvin jr., our candidate for Senator, for votes for Wright, the Thug candidate for Jury Commissioner. If you don't want packed Juries, vote for Col. J. G. Stewart.

Col. John G. Stewart, our candidate for Jury Commissioner comes in for a share of the vile calumny weekly heralded in the columns of the *Thugs' Own* Vote for Col. Stewart, and you will have no packed juries. That's what hurts these fellows.

Since the death of Jacob Weight, who during his lifeteme, was a standing candidate for Assembly, David Dunn has taken his place, and so far, fills the bill. Dunn wants office, and he is willing to take a nomination from any clique, ring or party.

The miscreant of the Thug organ, believing that a lie well stuck to is as good as the truth, still publishes the notorious falsehood that Capt. Burchinell is a renegade Democrat. He never voted a Democratic ticket in his life, while the author of this lie has not voted anything else since he was sworn into the Band of Conspirators.

Our Candidate for Senator.

For Senator, John Irwin, Jr., of Centre county, is in every way fitted, and we venture to say will meet the wants of this district with an honest effort to legislate for the good of the people if he is elected. There is nothing of the partisan about him, however firm he may be in his political convictions and being one of, and identified with, the people, he would do nothing contrary to their interests in the way of special or injurious general legislation. We hope that the Senatorial contest might be carried on in a proper spirit, but it is difficult for Democratic editors to keep their hands out of dirt or dirty water, as was shown by the paltry statements that Irwin was rich, wore kid gloves, dressed in fine clothes, &c., while Waream was a poor man, conveying the impression that he hardly owned a decent hat or clothing, of course with a view of prejudicing the poorer classes against Mr. Irwin. Every body in and about Lewistown knows this statement to be basely false, but it will be used where the facts are not known. Taking *their* view of the case, let us ask what then does Waream want in the Senate? The legitimate pay there is less than he can make in his several occupations at home. IS IT TO MAKE MONEY? Unlike Mr. Irwin he has been a politician and partisen since his majority, and up to the present day has stood arrayed in hostility to what has heretofore proved the dominant part of the Democratic party in this county; and it would be news to us to hear that any Republican candidate has ever received political favor at his hands. Although the "Democratic candidate," does any one believe he will altogether forego his feelings and prejudices. On the contrary, would it not be most likely, if opportunity presented itself, he would legislate to revenge real or fancied injuries.

Then too there is Local Option.—Neither candidate is pledged to its repeal or continuance, but taking the two men as they stand, who is most likely to vote for its repeal? That law was passed for three years, and was so adopted in this senatorial district by a majority exceeding four thousand. Right and justice demand that it shall have a fair trial and be tested by the light of experience. Our own belief is that Mr. Waream will vote for the repeal of that law at once, while Mr. Irwin will favor its continuance for the term for which it was adopted.—*Lewistown Gazette.*

JURY COMMISSIONER.

After all the howl that has been set up in regard to packing juries, by the immortal Guss, there is no man in the county more interested in packing them than he is, and no man living in the county that we would not rather trust. Elect Wright, of Union township, and you elect Guss.—The are identical. Had we never heard of Wright's *bounty record*, the fact that he has no knowledge of the people of the county, outside of a couple of townships, would be sufficient reason why he should not be elected. Vote for Col. John G. Stewart, who has the qualifications and the moral honesty to act and think for himself.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

We call your attention to the importance of voting for C. R. McCarthy, esq., for Commissioner, who is eminently qualified, by his experience as a Justice of the Peace, and his intimate knowledge of the other business relations of life; besides this he is a man of high moral character and sterling integrity. He is worthy of the support of every voter in the county. He has always been a consistent Republican, never playing guerrilla to his party like Gilliland, Dunn, Green, Wright, &c. Vote for McCarthy!

DUNN'S OSCEOLO BAGNIO.

David Dunn, esq., *per se* Temperance candidate of the Bolters, is the owner of the worst Whiskey Saloon in the town of Osceola, kept by one Pat. McGirk who pays Mr. Dunn $16 per month rent for the same. If any one doubts this statement, let them write to Isaac Taylor, esq., brother of the late Judge Taylor, at Osceola, Clearfield county, who will vouch for the truth of the fact above stated.

THE FARMERS' CANDIDATE FOR TREASURER.

"Tommy" Montgomery is everybody's favorite. He comes from an old Whig stock of farmers that settled in West township about the year 1790. The grandfather, father and son were consistent Whigs, and at the death of the old Whig party Tommy went with Republicans. He is a thorough-going man and will do honor to the farming interest. Vote for Montgomery!

☞ We stated last week in an analysis of the Bolters' Convention, that Geo. A. Heaton, Esq., who, by the way, is a most excellent gentleman and too good a man to be identified with a movement of that kind, did not receive any votes for delegate. We are authorized to say that he was not a candidate for delegate and that his name was used, in connection with the Convention, entirely without authority.

BURCHINELL THE LABORING MAN'S CANDIDATE.

Burchinell has done more for Huntingdon and Huntingdon county than the other two candidates put together. He has for years given constant employment to from thirty to forty men. He is the laboring man's friend. Vote for Burchinell!

HOW THE OLD THING IS TO WORK.

It is currently reported here that Doc Thompson, of Three Springs, an out-and-out Leaguer, is for McAteer straight. The Doctor is developing too fast. He should have held up a few days longer. They will all come to this by the 14th inst., however.

☞ Since Hon. Robert W. Mackey has been State Treasurer, over $5,000,000 of the State debt have been cancelled. This is an argument that tells upon the pockets of the people. Vote for Mackey.

☞ The Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, Mr. Francis M. Hutchinson, is the Treasurer of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago monopoly. Farmers, institutions of this kind have been sucking your life's blood. Rebuke them. Vote for Mr. Mackey.

☞ Victory is within your grasp, Republicans. No wavering now! FORWARD!

☞ If you want your accounts carefully audited, and adjusted, vote for James H. Davis.

☞ The business of the country is tending surprisingly to wholesale magnitudes and processes. This is forcibly illustrated by the fact that the Fairbank Scale Company built, last year, 218 iron-frame R. R. track scales, some of them with platforms nine rods long!

IT is the most momentous question a woman is ever called upon to decide, whether the faults of the man she loves will drag her down, or whether she is competent to be his earthly redeemer.

Pen-Pictures of the Thugs.

HILL VALLEY, October 5th, 1873.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—Although not a regular correspondent of your excellent paper, I would nevertheless like to say a few things before the election to the Republicans of Huntingdon county.

I heard Woods say on the streets of Huntingdon, before the August Convention, that "if it were in his power no man should be sent to the Legislature this Fall favorable to the re-election of John Scott as United States Senator," and I heard Guss say that "that if they (the Woods party) failed to carry the approaching Convention it was all over with him in this county—they might as well quit fighting Scott and everybody else." Now, Mr. Editor, the people can see what prompts those sublimely pure Republicans, Guss, Woods & Co.—SELF INTEREST AND DEMOCRATIC MONEY! They have raised the hue and cry, in the *Globe*, of fraud, deception, corruption, and everything else, practiced in the last regular Convention. But every intelligent man knows that all this is done simply for "Buncombe," to deceive and prejudice the minds of the people, to induce them to vote against the regular ticket. Guss and Woods pocket the money obtained from the Democratic allies, and their tools in the country without a cent, do their dirty work. The *Globe* proclaims that theirs is the Republican ticket—that that headed by Capt. Burchinell, is a ticket composed of renegade Democrats and should not be supported by Republicans. What Balderdash!

It matters not whether any of those men on the August Convention ticket were formerly Democrats or not; it is enough for good, sensible Republicans to know that they are all right now and have been years past. So far as I am concerned I will trust John Scott, S. T. Brown, and others, who have been vilified and slandered by the *Globe*, as exponents and representatives of the principles of the party which I believe has saved the country and made it prosperous as it is. If Guss and Woods don't like Scott, Brown, and others personally, its none of my business. They can't induce me to do their dirty work, and with them lend a helping hand to break down the party organization, and thus stab those men, as they think, who are infinitely their superiors in political fidelity, temperance, virtue, intelligence and morality generally.

But who are some of Guss and Wood's adherents and tools in the county? I learn that Adam Heeter, of Clay township, is one—a man who hates Hon. John Scott, just because Bill Woods does—a man who has been liberally rewarded for all the trifling service he every did the party. He held the office of Director of the Poor for three years, and then tried to secure the nomination for Associate Judge, but failed; then turned his heel against the party and poisoned the bosom that warmed him into political life. He voted for Speer twice—for Buckalew, Greeley, and the whole bastard County ticket last Fall. That's the kind of a Republican Adam Heeter is; and I am told he is going it strong for the Bogus Mule Ticket this Fall. "Oh, Shame! where is thy blush!"

Dr. J. F. Thompson, of Clay, is another apt illustration of political consistency. He has obtained favors at the hands of the party, having been both a Congressional and Senatorial Conferee; now he is for McAteer for the Legislature, the Democratic candidate, and for the balance of the Bogus ticket, believing Dunn not to be worthy of his support. Don't know whether greenbacks had any thing to do with his going for McAteer or not.

I trust the Republicans of Clay township will not allow themselves to be duped and deceived by such men at the approaching election.

Then you have, Mr. Editor, Ephraim Baker, who was one term at Harrisburg, ex-Sheriff Neely, also the immaculate John Logan, of Poor House notoriety, who, it has been said, "is all legs without body or brains," voting nearly all the time the Democratic ticket, yet holding position under Republican administrations. All these, and some others, whom I could name, have been rewarded by the party, but are now supporting the Bogus ticket. They should be ashamed of themselves, and stick their fingers in their mouths, and their mouths in the dust, and cry, "Unclean, unclean! O, Lord! let a repenting Republican rebel live!" CROMWELL.

From Timon Walley.

TIMON WALLEY, shust fore te lackshin, 1873.

Well olt Tarbarrer: I dakes mine seet unt you knows, mit out dellin, dot mine pen ish in mine hant, I speck. Unt so, well, I chinks, I reat der lasht baper all ofer, unt I dinks it ish so funny pout der way der tater bucks do, wen der gits in ter der Woots, unt sich, unt den yer baper he shpeak of some shysters. I chinks, I not noes wat tem ding ish. Mottalener say he saw one onsht fore we koompt from Sharmany, unt der keept him in von kage unt maket beples pay for see him. I chinks, I loike for see one of tem dings. I shpeck der look loike ter guerriller. I chinks yer musht haff some goot funs in yer toun, wen all tem dings gits tergeter, unt haff der invenshion, haw, haw!

Wy der beoples in dish walley all doit dot olt Kuss diet dot time in Horrishpurg, unt der all doit now dot make peese in dish kounty a wile, unt I sate yess for effer, vor der goot man neffer make anutter sish a faler loik him. I note he was tiret anuff of sich a fule.

Unt yer dinks dat ish drew dot Purchinell unt Trihursht tem faler laff wen der sawed Kuss kry dot way, unt not note if him effer coompt ter loif aghen. I chinks der musht pe hart harted falers vor der say he maket ter ukliesht fase wat effer was seent in Horrishburg, unt, I chinks, der say it neffer ish much pedder. Wy old Randolf he say he nose if mine Mottalener hat saw't it he wout shust haff kickt offer unt faintet. I chinks I not cant shleep a goot wile shust for dink of dot dings. Unt der say he neffer coompt rite at his sense any more, if effer he hat any, unt he ish piger phule as effer. Wat for yer not take him up. I dinks it not ish roit for let sich dings run rount looset.

Olt Tarbarrer, yer nose mine prudder Mike wat liff offer on der Shtone mountin, be koompt on mine hous lasht week, unt I dell him it ish kowin ter pe a lackshan, unt ten he shware he wote for Chreely unt ter hole Mule dicket, unt I dolt him Chreeley ish deat, unt he say dot not ish so, (now han't dot so?) unt I dells him he not ish kot any mule, too; tot he musht wote for tater pug dish dime, unt he shware he not will wote for tater pug, too, he go ter hole timocrat dicket unt den der be no mishtake.

Well I kess you nose olt Rantolf? I chinks he ish der besht man in der Walley, wen I ish out; unt him unt ter Hanary's unt mine selft we all dit konklute ter wote for Pilly Tun, unt dot wash all settle, unt den yer baper he say it not ish Pilly Tun. We all loikt him, he ish one goot, siffil faler, unt wen ter all seet it ish olt Tave wat ish ter man, he not will kit ter wote in dish walley. Der say he shust ish dot fule faler wat runs rount dot toun unt fint falt mit effery ding unt not ish got haff so much goot sense as Pilly hash.

O! how ish dot, do der weemens wote dish tim? If der do, I musht git a new pridle vor mine ox so Mottalener he ken go. I dinks he not be so skiterish after der flies ish gonte in ter Woots.

We not hears any more vrom mine pruder Grisley; we ish frate he fishel out down dare tryin ter be pig pug, dot ish der way mit der shpeckiater, yer no, unt if he's shined ter tater bug barty he musht be one rousing pug by dish dime. I dinks ter not drouple as much after der tater tops is deat unt dot not will pe long time ago any more.

O, I chinks, dit you effer heert from dot Richartson wat went off mit der Boor House? Motterlener he sawt dot faler, he hat a pig ding on her pack wen she compt pasht our house, unt she gooet up der kreek in der Woots, unt shust not too week after, some ding else went der same way in ter Woots. It was too crate long dings, walking by herself. She look loik too long poles to hang hooks on wen pucher, mit trowsers on, it go up inter same Woots, unt Mattalener he got shkeert unt went in, unt wen he tolt me I shust node dat wash olt John Loken huntin der Boor House. So I node der bote ish in ter Woots all der dime; now, den, for wat yer dinks? I chinks, dot is crate way for tem faler do mit der dings. I loik ter no how Tave Tun shtand on der Pole kat shkin. Hash he took hish persishin on dot piat? If he not ish roit on dat he hat shust so goot reseign to onst, for dot ish wat kontrolls the wote of this Walley out side of the tater pug queshten.

Unt I shust voot loik ter see tem sore heats vat you shpeakt of, if ter not ish too skabby. Do der shmell lout? Motelener say he lairnt in der olt kountery how for till kure tem. Shust dake some pole kat greese (da kin git blenty of dat in our house,) unt take ter cream of the Boor House, unt der shticker fashtim, of der Dreasurers offis, unt mix him goot ant make goot big plashter unt den go in ter der Woots, in ter Shade, und haff a big orphan gall tie him on *Wright—Green*—mit ter tape in der Kommishiners offis, unt say some worts, (he not dit dell me der worts,) unt dat ish one shure cure, if he not hash got in ter prain, but wat der dells me olt Kuss has got him in her prain; der say her (i's) shust loike a mat tog mit ter hooper koff, unt if dat bees ter way she not kan shtant it mooch lonker. I chinks, unt yer baper says she trows mut on olt Fisher. If effer I kooms on your town unt she trows mut on me or Mottalener unt we haff our Suntay klose on, I chinks, I hit her mit a shtone if she is krazy unt you may shust dell her.

I shpect I sees olt Orlaty wen I gose ter der lackshen. He allers giffs me der ticket unt says hoo is timekrat unt now I shpecks he too nose hoo ish ter tater bucks. Not forgit put in yer baper how ter lacksben go.

From yer tear pruder-in-law,
Mishter Yohones Kopenheffner.

Blease not forgit unt put ter Shquier on my name, he shtill not haff so long as olt Kuss make himself's name.

The Huntingdon Journal.

Wednesday Morning, October 8, 1873.

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

WM MARCH, of the firm of Wm. March, Bro. & Co. has just returned from the eastern cities, with the largest stock of goods, of all kinds, that has ever been brought to this county. These goods are now ready for inspection, and persons visiting the Fair should call and examine the stock and learn prices before purchasing elsewhere. On account of the largely increased business they can afford to sell at shorter profits than any other firm in the county, and do so. 8-1t

THE Steam Whistle of Smucker & Brown's Furniture Factory sounds like business, and to see the number of hands employed, and the amount of furniture which is daily manufactured and sold, looks business like. Ex-Register Smucker, one of the firm can be found at their Ware Rooms in Smith's Building, on Penn street, or at the Factory on Mifflin street, ready to wait on his friends who may be in want of furniture. oct.8-1t

THE largest lot of latest styles, Shawls and Scarfs, at Mm. March, Bro. & Co.'s. 8-2t

FIRST GRAND OPENING IN HUNTINGDON, of Fall Goods, consisting of the latest novelties in

DRESS GOODS,
MOURNING GOODS,
GOODS FOR REDINGOTES,
SHAWLS,
LADIES' and GENTS' made up UNDERWEAR
CORSETS AND SKIRTS,

Neck-ties, Sash Ribbons, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, Laces, Edgings, Hosiery, White Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, READY-MADE CLOTHIFG, &c.
oct1,2t] HENRY & CO.

IF you want a good Cook Stove, go to Stewart & Co.'s. 8-3t

SHOES AND BOOTS FOR THE MILLION.—Mr. George Shaffer would inform his many patrons that he has just received a most extensive assortment of the latest styles of boots and shoes which he will sell at very moderate prices. Store 516 Penn Street. 2t.

A NICE lot of Ribbons, Needle-work and Hamberg Edging, at Wm. March, Bro. & Co.8-2

COUNTY FAIR.—All who attend the County Fair should see the display of Furniture at Brown & Tyhurst's New Furniture Store, No. 525, Penn street. Largest, best and cheapest stock of Furniture in the county. Oct.1-2t.

LADIES, when you wish to get the latest style hat, call and see them at Wm. March, Bro. & Co.'s. 8-2t

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 26, 1873.

The undersigned is engaged to exhibit at Huntingdon, Pa., on the 8th, 9th and 10th of October, 1873, for Col. E. C. Summers.

SIGNOR BLITZ,
The Original Ventriloquist and Magician.

IF you want a Parlor Stove, go to Stewart & Co.'s. 8-3t

FAIR NOTICE.—Before starting to the County Fair, mark down the measure of your rooms, &c., and go to BROWN'S CARPET STORE for Carpets, Oil Cloths, Shades, Wall Paper, BEST Organs and Pianos. oct1-2t.

THE latest style of Misses goods of all kinds at Mm. March, Bro. & Co.'s. 8-2t

THE Law Office of Simpson & Armitage, and Insurance Office of G. B. Armitage & Co. have been removed to No. 309 Penn street, into John Read's new building, nearly opposite the *Monitor* office. oct.8-1t

On Friday afternoon, 10th inst., Blitz will give a Matinee, for the parents and children, at the old Presbyterian Church, Soldiers' Orphans admitted *free*.

TABLE and Pocket Cutlery, a fine assortment at Stewart & Co'.s. 8 3t

GENTLEMEN, the largest lot of Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, will be found at Mm. March, Bro. & Co.'s. 8-2t.

HOUSEKEEPERS, when you want to buy Groceries to advantage, call at Wm. March, Bro. & Co.'s where you will find what you want, good, fresh, and cheap. 8-2t

STOVES, of all descriptions at Stewart & Co.'s. 8 3t

Everybody patronizes the Castilian Garden.

The finest assortment of Black Alpaccas ever offered in Huntingdon, at prices to suit all, may be seen by calling at Henry & Co's. 2t.

Don't fail to attend Blitz's performance at the old Presbyterian Church, on the 8th, 9th and 10th inst.

The best oysters in the market are to be had at the Castilian Garden.

HENRY & Co., are opening this week their first purchase of Fall and Winter Goods—Go and see them. 2t.

Signor Blitz will have his army of canary Birds, at the old Presbyterian Church, on the 8th, 9th and 10th.

The only Ladies Oyster Saloon in town is to be found at the Castilian Garden.

The latest novelty in Hats and Caps, at prices lower than ever before, is at Henry & Co's. 2t.

The world-renowned Signor Blitz, will exhibit in the old Presbyterian Church, in this place, on the 8th, 9th and 10th of October.

The only place to get shell oysters is at the Castilian Garden.

Gents' fine and course Boots, Ladies fine and heavy shoes and gaiters, boys', girls' and childrens' shoes, of every description and in great number, at Henry & Co.

TRUNKS, Valieses and Umbrellas, at Cohen Bros., in the Diamond on Penn st. sept17tf.

The best Ice Cream in towm can be procured at the Castilian Garden.

FOR the latest styles of Bows and Ties go to Cohen Bros., in the Diamond. sept17tf.

FOR the latest styles of Silk Hats go to Cohen Bros., in the Diamond. sept17tf.

FOR SALE.—A Black Mare, six years old, warranted sound and kind in single and double harness, not afraid of anything, drives with or without blinds, can trot in three minutes, never had any training, a perfect family mare. Also, a Black Horse, seven years old, warranted sound and kind in single and double harness, he matches in color and size with the mare. Sold for want of use, can be seen at William C. Swoope's Stable, Alexandria, Huntingdon county, Pa. Oct.1-2t.

We have now on hand, and fresh from the city, the best selected stock of fine and medium priced goods ever before offered in the county.

Black Alpaccas one of our great specialities. The best 45, 50, and 60 ct., alpaccas in the county. We also keep constantly on hand a nice assortment of Thibet shalls and crape veils. We will take pleasure in showing you our goods, without forcing you to buy.

Our motto is to give value for value received. HENRY & CO. 2t.

THE Ladies of Huntingdon will doubtless be pleased to learn, that Mrs. L. A. Hamer, is home again, and ready to execute their orders for dresses and other sewing in her well known neat, graceful and fashionable style. Also, cutting and fitting on short notice. Store and residence second story of No. 422 Penn street, Huntingdon, Pa. Oct.1-2t.

Signor Blitz will have for sale, during his stay in this place, a history of his life. The Signor has spent fifty years in the profession of a Ventriloquist and Magician.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF MILLINERY GOODS.—Miss E. M. Africa has just returned rom the east with a large and fashionable stock of bonnets, hats, notions, assortment of children's aprons, &c., &c. And every thing in her line. tf.

THE world renowned Silsby Troupe will hold fourth, in Yenter's Hall, to delighted audiences, on the first, second and third nights of the County Fair. sept.17-3t.

FOR a fine line of Boy's and Children Hats or Caps, go to Cohen Bros., No. 422 Penn street. sept17tf.

TWO HUNDRED
WEST HUNTINGDON LOTS
FOR SALE.

Apply to
R. ALLISON MILLER,
No. 228½ Hill St.

FOR a fine White Shirt go to Cohen Bros., three doors from the post office. sept17tf.

PATRONAGE THAT PAYS.—That noble institution, the Public Library of Kentucky, has permanently established its prosperity by the three gift concerts it has already given under its charter. It now boasts of a building that cost $210,000, with a Library of over 50,000 volumes, and a magnificent cabinet. The fourth grand gift concert for its further endorsement will take place December 3d, and at this concert $1,500,000 cash is distributed to the ticket holders, the highest prize being $250,000, and scaling down to prizes of $50, which is the smallest sums given. As there is a prize to every fifth ticket, it is easy to see that the patonage of this concert is a patronage that pays, there being great chances of great gains, and only small chances of small losses. Hon. Thos. E. Bramlette, late Governor of Kentucky, is the manager, and tickets and information may be obtained by addressing him, at Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.

HOW PERMANENT CUSTOMERS ARE MADE.—If you have never used Sapolio, the next time you send to your grocer tell you want a cake; it will cost you only him a few cents. Then look all over your house, and wherever you find a spot upon the paint, the furniture, carpets, or anything else, whether it be dirt, grease, tar, or whatever else, use Sapolio according to the simple directions. Then collect all the tinware, copper ware, knives, forks, kettles, etc., and polish them up. When you have done this once then ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS know positively that their Sapolio has won another permanent customer.

☞ IN the active pursuit of pleasure or gain, the inestimable blessing of health is too often forgotten, until disease is firmly seated and the fact only realized by great bodily and mental suffering. The Liver is the vulnerable point in most persons, and the disarrange ment of the organ involves almost the whole system: hence the reason why under Liver disease there is enumerated such a number of afflictions, and we claim the SIMMON'S LIVER REGULATOR to be a remedy for them all.

Marriages.

SNARE—HOOVER.—At the Franklin House, on the 2d inst., by the Rev. A. G. Dole, Roger Snare to Miss Mary Jane Hoover, both of Marklesburg.

Deaths.

HILL.—Near M'Alevy's Fort, Sept. 26th., Mrs. Sarah Ann Hill, wife of Dr. Marcus Hill, aged 50 years.

CRESSWELL.—At Petersburg, Sept. 30, Mrs. Martha Cresswell, wife of George Cresswell, Esq., and daughter of Joseph Forest, Esq., aged 43 years.

New To-Day.

HUNTINGDON GAS COMPANY.

Persons desiring service pipes run into their premises before winter, are requested to make application immediately, as the ground will not be opened for that purpose between the 1st day of Nobember and the 1st day of April next.

By order of the Board of Managers.

J. W. GREENLAND,
No. 320 Penn street. Secretary.
Oct.8,1873-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Reuben J. Massey, Administrator of Martha Penington, late of Barree township, deceased, will hold an audit for that purpose at his office in Huntingdon, on Friday, October 31st, 1873, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said fund are required to present the same or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

J. CHALMERS JACKSON,
Oct.8-3t. Auditor.

NOTICE.

[*Estate of MATTHEW TRUMAN, dec'd.*]

To Peter Carlisle and William Carlisle, whose post office address is unknown to petitioner, being the children of a deceased sister Peggy, who intermarried with —— Carlisle, both of whom are now dead, and three other nephews Levi Pye, whose post office address is Clear Springs, Washington county, Md.; Samuel Pye, whose post office address is Indian Springs, Washington county, Md.; Jonathan Pye, whose post office address is not known, TAKE NOTICE that an Inquest will be held at the dwelling house of Matthew Truman, deceased, in the township of Tod in the county Huntingdon, on the 4th day of November, A. D., 1878, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased to and among his children and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole, otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law—at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

AMON HOUCK,
Oct.8,1873-4t. Sheriff.

GRANDEST SCHEME EVER KNOWN.

FOURTH GRAND GIFT CONCERT
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

12,000 CASH GIFTS $1,500,000.

$250,000 FOR $50.

The Fourth Grand Gift Concert authorized by special act of the Legislature for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, will take place in Public Library Hall, at Louisville, Ky.,

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1873.

Only sixty thousand tickets will be sold. The tickets are divided into ten coupons or parts.

At this concert, which will be the grandest musical display ever witnessed in this country, the unprecedented sum of

$1,500,000.

divided into 12,000 cash gifts, will be distributed by lot among the ticket holders.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift	17,500
10 Cash Gifts $10,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts 5,000 each	150,000
50 Cash Gifts 10,000 each	50,000
80 Cash Gifts 500 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts 400 each	40,000
150 Cash Gifts 300 each	45,000
250 Cash Gifts 200 each	50,000
325 Cash Gifts 100 each	32,500
11,000 Cash Gifts 50 each	550,000
Total 12,000 Gifts, all cash, amounting to	$1,500,000

The distribution will be positive, whether all the tickets are sold or not, and the 12,000 gifts all paid in proportion to the tickets sold.

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets $50; Halves $25; Tenths, or each Coupon; $5; Eleven Whole Tickets for $500; 22½ Tickets for $1, 00, 113 Whole Tickets for $5,000; 227 Whole Tickets for $10,000. No discount on less than $500 worth of Tickets at a time.

Tickets now ready for sale, and all orders accompanied by the money promptly filled. Liberal terms given to those who buy to sell again.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent Publ. Libr. Ky., and Manager Gift Concert,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.
oct.8,1873-4t.

FOR
PLAIN PRINTING,
FANCY PRINTING,
GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE

New To-Day.

CANVASSING BOOKS SENT FREE FOR PROF. FOWLER'S GREAT WORK on Manhood, Womanhood and their Mutual Inter-relations; Love, its Laws, Power, etc. Agents are selling from 15 to 25 copies a day, and we send a canvassing book free to any book agent. Address, stating experience, etc.,
NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Philadelphia, Pa.

M. R. N. Y.—MOORE'S RURAL NEW YORKER the Great Illustrated AGRICULTURAL and FAMILY WEEKLY, is the STANDARD AUTHORITY upon Practical Subjects and a High-Toned Literay Journal. Only $2.50 a year—less to clubs. Great Premiums or Cash Commissions to Agents. Thirteen Numbers (Oct. to Jan.) On Trial, for only Fifty Cents. Premium Lists, &c., sent free to all Trial Subscribers. Address
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A successful Agent says: "Unlike all other books, it has a on woman's attention. A house-to-house canvass pays." $70,00 in one week was made by a single agent.

AGENTS WANTED.

For terms and territory apply to J. B. FORD & CO., New York, Boston, Chicago, or San Francisco.

COLUMBIA CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.

A boarding School for Young Men and Boys. For circulars address Rev. H. S. ALEXANDER, Columbia, Pa.

NEW BOOK Now ready for agents, Home Life in the Bible, by Danie March, D. D., author of "Night Scenes in the Bible" and "Our Father's House," of which nearly 100,000 copies of each were sold. Send for circular, ZEIGLER & M'MURDY, 518 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED.

100 Farmers and Farmers' Sons during the Fall and Winter months to do business in their own and ajoining townships. Business respectable, easy and pays well. For particulars, address S. S. SCRANTON & CO., Hartford, Conn.

THE BEST PAPER.

TRY IT!!

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is the cheapest and best illustrated weekly published. Every number contains from 10 to 15 original engravings of new machinery, Novel Inventions, Bridges, Engineering Works, Architecture, Improved Farm Implements, and every new discovery in Chemistry. A year's numbers contain 832 pages and several hundred engravings. Thousands of volumes are preserved for binding and reference. The practical receipts are worth ten times the subscription price. Terms, $3 a year, by mail. Specimens sent free. May be had of all newsdealers. PATENTS obtained on the best terms, Models of new inventions and sketches examined, and advice free. All patents are published in the Scientific American the week they issue. Send for pamphlet, 119 pages, containing laws and full directions for obtaining Patents. Address for the paper, or concerning patents, MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, New York. Branch office, corner F and 7th streets, Washington, D. C.

THE

CROWN WRINGER.

The cheapest and best in the market. Warranted truly self-adjusting. Special inducements to Washing Machine Agents and the Country Trade. Liberal terms. Agents wanted. Send for Circular. AMERICAN MACHINE CO., Manufacturers and Patentees, office, 480 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

"DOMESTIC"

PAPER FASHIONS.

ELEGANT IN DESIGN. FAULTLESS IN FIT.
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SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO., NEW YORK.

GUNS

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Double Guns, $6 and upwards; Breech-Loaders, $30 to $350, Rifles, Revolvers, Dart Guns and Cap Rifles. Goods sent to all parts of the country by express C. O. D., to be examined before paid for. We send a genuine W. & C. Scott & Sons' Muzzle Loader, with Flask, Pouch and Cleaning Rod, nicely boxed for $35. Send stamp for Price List. SMITH & SQUIRES, 523 Broadway and 59 Chatham St., N. Y.

BUILDING FELT.

(No Tar used), for outside work and inside, instead of plaster. Felt Carpetings, &c. Send two 2 3-cent stamps for Circular and Samples. C. J. FAY, Camden, N. J.

FIRESIDE HINGE CONE BURNER FOR SUN CHIMNEYS, made by PLUME & ATWOOD, produces the largest light. Can be used on any coal oil lamp. For sale by all lamp dealers.

GOOD CIDER ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

The Neutral Sulphite of Lime, as prepared by BILLINGS, CLAPP & CO., Boston, formerly J. R. NICHOLS & Co., keeps CIDER SWEET ALL THE YEAR ROUND. New York office, 9 College Place.

$25 MONEY MADE FAST $1.000.

By all who will work for us. If upon writing you do not find us all square, we will give you one dollar for your trouble. Send stamp for circulars to O. H. BUCKLEY & CO., Tekonsha, Michigan.

STAMMERING.—DR. WHITE'S U. S. STAMMERING INSTITUTE, 417 Fourth avenue, N. Y. Best references. No pay until cured. Send for circular.

WOMEN MEN, Girls and Boys wanted to sell our French and American Jewelry, Books, Games, &c., in their own localities. No capital needed. Catalogue, Terms, &c., sent free. P. O. FICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.
Oct 8,1873-4t.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

[*Estate of CYRUS GEARHART, deceased.*]

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, the undersigned Administrator will expose to sale on the premises, on

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1873,

at one o'clock, p. m., the following described Real Estate, to wit: All that certain tract of land, situate in the village of Manor Hill, Barree township, and county aforesaid, located on both sides of the public highway leading from Petersburg to M'Alevy's Fort, bounded on the north by lands of Samuel Myton and Dorsey Silknitter, on the east by lots of Margaret Wakefield and John Carver's heirs, on the south by lands of William Ewing, and on the west by lots of John Davison and Harriet M'Cracken, containing two acres, more or less, and having thereon erected a large and comfortable two-story frame dwelling house, a good stable and also a Black-smith and Wagon-maker's shop combined.

This property is about 8 miles from the Penna. Railroad at Petersburg Station, and is in the centre of an excellent farming district, making it one of the best locations for black-smithing and wagon making that can be found in the county.

The buildings are good, and there is a fine lot of thriving young fruit trees of excellent varieties on the property, while the land itself is in a good state of cultivation.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments thereafter, with interest, said deferred payments to be secured by the judgment notes of the purchaser.

JAMES F. THOMPSON,
Administrator of Cyrus Gearhart, deceased.
Oct.8,1873-ts.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

[*Estate of JOHN LUTZ, deceased.*]

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, the undersigned Trustee, will expose to sale, on the premises, on

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 5, 1873,

at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following described Real Estate of John Lutz, late of Shirleysburg, deceased, to wit:

1. All that certain lot of ground, fronting 40 feet on the west side of Main street, in the borough of Shirleysburg, and extending in depth 140 feet to another street, having thereon erected a substantial brick dwelling house, formerly used as a store-room and private residence.

2. Also, Another lot of ground of equal size, with, and adjoining the above, and having erected on the west end of it a commodius frame barn. These lots are both very desirable locations for either private residences or for business purposes.

3. Also, All that certain piece, parcel, or tract of land, fronting on the west side of the back street in Shirleysburg, adjoining lands of John C. Lutz and Mrs. W. L. Baird, containing seven and one-half acres, more or less, and being in an excellent state of cultivation, there being no better producing soil in the Aughwick Valley.

This tract will be offered for sale in lots, and also as a whole, and will be disposed of in such way as may be most desirable to purchasers and for the best interests of the estate. Eight lots in the above described tract, each fronting on the back street, aforesaid, are subject to an annual ground rent of a small amount.

4. Also, A tract of TIMBER and ORE land, situate about one mile from Shirleysburg, on the east side of Sandy Ridge, adjoined on the south by lands of David Boyer, on the east and north by lands of Andrew Spanogle, sen., and on the west by lands of David M'Garvy, containing nineteen (19) acres more or less.

5. Also, All that piece, or parcel of ground situate in Shirley township, at the North or lower end of the Island, in Aughwick Creek, about one-fourth of a mile west of Shirleysburg, being bounded by lands of Mrs. W. L. Baird, aforesaid, and by the said Aughwick Creek and its arms or branches, containing one-half acre, more or less.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments thereafter, with interest, to be secured by the judgment notes of the purchasers.

WM. B. LEAS,
Oct.8,1873-ts. Trustee,

FOR ALL KINDS OF
PRINTING
GO TO THE
"JOURNAL" BUILDING

New To-Day.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

All persons are hereby forbidden to Hunt or Shoot game on the premises of the undersigned. Persons found Tresspassing will be dealt with according to law.

BENJ. QUARRY,	HENRY R. LYNN,
JOHN A. APGAR,	J. W. QUARRY,
GIDEON MILLER,	W. P. WRIGHT,
J. DELL,	JAS. DOUGHERTY,
JOHN SWOOPE,	JAS. D. QUARRY,
LEVI WRIGHT,	ARCHIBALD DELL,
	JOHN CHILCOAT.

Oct.8,1873-1t.

I. E. WALRAVEN,

IMPORTER OF

UPHOLSTERY GOODS,

LACE CURTAINS,

AND

INTERIOR DECORATIONS,

For Dwelling Houses, Churches, and Hotels, Railway and Steamship Supplies.

No. 719 Chestnut Street,

PHILADELPHIA.
Oct.8,1873-3mos.

VINEGAR BITTERS.

PURELY VEGETABE.

FREE FROM ALCOHOL.

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of Vinegar Bitters?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of Vinegar Bitters in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflamation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters act on all these cases in a similar manner. By purifying the Blood they remove the cause, and by resolving away the effects of the inflammation (the tubeuclar deposits) the affected parts receive health, and a permanent cure is affected.

If men will enjoy good health, let them use Vinegar Bitters as a medicine, and avoid the use of alcoholic stimulants in every form.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, California, and cor. Washington and Charlton Sts., New York.

Sold by JOHN REED & SONS.
Oct.8,1873.

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UNDERGROUND

or,

LIFE BELOW THE SURFACE.

BY THOS. W. KNOX.

942 Pages Octavo. 130 Fine Engravings.

Relates Incidents and Accidents beyond the Light of Day; Startling Adventures in all parts of the World; Mines and Mode of Working them; Caverns and their Mysteries; Down in the Depths of the Sea; Nights in Opium Dens; Life in Prison; Stories of Exiles; Journeys through Sewers and Catacombs; Accidents in Mines; Underworld of the Great Cities, etc., etc. For circulars and terms to agents, address the publishers.

J. B. BURR & CO.
Hartford, Conn., or Chicago, Ill.

Agents wanted for
BULLS AND BEARS
OF NEW YORK.
By MATHER HALE SMITH,

Nearly 600 Octavo Pages, Profusely Illustrated.

If you wish to know how Fortunes are Made and Lost; how Shrewd Men are Ruined; how Panics are Created; how Stocks are Bought and Sold, Read this Book. It relates the biographies of the great leading speculators of New York, with a history of Wall Street and its operators during the past 200 years. For circulars and terms, address the publishers.

We send an elegant Chromo, mounted and ready for framing, free to every agent.

J. B. BURR & HYDE,
Hartford, Conn., or Chicago, Ill.
Jan.1,'73.-1y.

Special Notices.

CHILDREN OFTEN LOOK PALE

and Sick from no other cause than having worms in the stomach. BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS will destroy Worms without injury to the child, being perfectly WHITE, and free from all coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm preparations.

CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors,
No. 215 Fulton Street, New York.

Sold by Druggists and Chemists, and dealers in Medicines at 25 cents a box.

Sold by JOHN READ & SONS.
July16,1873-1y.

LIVER COMPLAINT DYSPEPSIA.

Jaundice, Nervous Debility, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, Piles, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering of the Heart, Choking Sensation when lying down Dimness of Vision Dots or Webs before the Sight, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Sudden Flushes of Heat, and Great Depression of Spirits, are speedily and permanently cured by "Hoofland's German Bitters." The old standard remedy of thirty years experience, whose virtues are testified to by hundreds of our most respectable citizens who have used it and been cured. Ask for Hoofland's German Bitters," and take no other. It is not alcoholic. They are sold by all Druggists. Proprietors, Johnston, Holloway & Co., 602 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

July2,1873eow7mos–No.3.

THE HOUSEHOLD PANACEA,
AND
FAMILY LINIMENT

is the best remedy in the world for the following complaints, viz.: Cramps in the Limbs and Stomach, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels or Side, Rheumatism in all its forms, Billious Colic, Neuralgia, Cholera, Dysentery, Colds, Fresh Wounds, Burns, Sore Throat, Spinal Complaints, Sprains and Bruises, Chills and Fever. For internal and external use.

Its operation is not only to relieve the patient, but entirely removes the cause of the complaint. It penetrates and pervades the whole system, restoring healthy action to all its parts, and quickening the blood.

The Household Panacea is purely Vegetable and All Healing.

Prepared by CURTIS & BROWN,
No. 215 Fulton Street, New York.
For sale by JOHN READ & SONS.
July16,1873-1y.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE

of an old Nurse. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it to be the Best and Surest Remedy in World in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in Children, whether it arises from Teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None Genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

July16,1873-1y.

AUGUST FLOWER.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effect, such as sour stomach, sick headache, habitual costiveness, impure blood, heartburn, waterbrash, gnawing and burning pains at the pit of the stomach, yellow skin, coated tongue and disagreeable taste in the mouth, coming up of the food after eating, low spirits, &c. Go to the Drug Store of John Read & Sons, Huntingdon, and get a 75 cent bottle, or a sample bottle free of charge. Try it.

Aug.20,1873-1y.

New Advertisements.

GEO. W. BECK. W. A. FLEMING.

BEE HIVE GROCERY & CANDY
MANUFACTORY.

BECK & FLEMING,

(Successors to N. B. CORBIN.)

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Fruits, Nuts, Tobacco, Cigars, Toys in endless variety, Spices, Soaps, Salt, and Groceries of all kinds. Brooms, Brushes, Wooden and Willow Ware, Best German Accordeons, Harmonicals, &c., all sizes and prices, a large stock kept constantly on hand, price low. The trade supplied in large or small quantities at low jobbing rates.

CANDY MANUFACTORY.

Having procured the services of a first-class manufacturer, we are prepared to furnish retail dealers with all kinds of Common and Fancy Candies, fresh and unadulterated, at city prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Address BECK & FLEMING,
No. 111, Fourth St., Huntingdon, Pa.
Oct.1,1873-1y.

STRAY NOTICE.

Came to the residence of the subscriber, living in Barree township, on or about the 1st of September last, a Red Steer and Red Heifer, the former has a bell on and no marks; the latter a piece off the right ear. The owner will come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.

A. W. MYTON.
Oct.1,1873-3t*.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, to distribute the balance in the hands of Amon Houck, Sheriff, arising from the sale of the real estate of Arabella J. Johnson, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in Huntingdon, on Thursday, the 16th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said fund are required to present the same, or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

R. A. ORBISON,
Oct.1,1873-3t. Auditor.

IS THERE A MAN SO DEAD

To all sense of justice to himself as to allow the virus of Scrofula or syphillis to remain in his system when he can be healed by that most potent of remedies; the Samaritan's Root and Herb Juices. To keep these diseases in the system is a wrong not only to the victim himself but also to society as the innocent may be contaminated. How many unhappy marriages are there caused from this hidden enemy. Rest assured that the trouble will not lay quiet but will break out when least wanted; then comes the tug of war, with bickerings on one side and remorse on the other; avoid the misery. Pimples, Blotches and Tetters are speedily removed, thereby avoiding much mortification. Root and Herb Juices. $1.25 per bottle.

CONDEMNED.

BALSAM COPABIA IS CONDEMNED

and discarded as being not only worthless, but frequently injurious. It is disgusting in taste, and smell, and will disorder the soundest stomach, and still the xuacks use the drug.

Samaritan's Gift is purely vegetable, pleasant to take, and will cure every time in from two to four days. We pride ourselves on its certainty of cure, as it is the only known medicine that can be depended on, thereby avoiding exposure and trouble. Price: Male packages, $2; Female, $3. DESMOND & CO., Proprietors,
No. 915 Race Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.

JOHN READ & SONS, Agents for Huntingdon.
October1,1873-1y.

LET ALL THE WORLD KNOW

That I have just replenished my stock of goods with the best articles to be found in the eastern cities. The

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is the most complete that can be found outside the city. The garments are made of the best materials, and are cut in the latest style, and are selling very cheap. My stock of

HATS AND CAPS

can't be beat this side of sundown, and I am determined not to be undersold by either Jew or Gentile. The

BOOT AND SHOE DEPARTMENT

is complete in every branch, and being connected with one of the largest manufacturing establishments in the city of Boston, I have superior advantages over other dealers. My goods are the BEST and cheapest in the market.

GENTLEMENS' FURNISH'G GOODS

in endless variety, embracing all the latest styles, and at prices that cannot fail to please the closest buyer.

Don't forget the place, No. 332 Allegheny street, near the Union Depot.

OLIVER CUNNINGHAM.
Sept.24,1873.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, Executors' of the last will and testiment of Samuel Mosser, late of West township, deceased, will offer, at Public Sale, on the premises, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1873,

at 10 o'clock a. m., a valuable tract of Limestone Land, situate in West township, Huntingdon county, Pa., about five miles from Petersburg, adjoining land of Henry Neff on the north, William Moore on the east, Thomas W. Montgomery and James Myton on the south, and John H. Neff on the west, containing TWO HUNDRED AND SEVENTY Acres and ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVEN Perches and allowance; Two hundred and twenty acres of which are cleared, and the balance, fifty acres, well timbered, having thereon erected a good Two-Story Frame House, a Large Frame Bank Barn, Blacksmith Shop, Wagon Shed, Carriage House, and Cider Mill. Also, a Good Tenant House and Water-Power Saw Mill. The land is of the best quality of limestone land, and has for several years been carefully cultivated, and is at present in a good state of cultivation. There is on the premises, and convenient, a large Apple Orchard, of choice, Selected Fruit. With abundance of all other kinds of fruit generally grown in the country. The farm, for quality of soil, convenience of arrangement of buildings, water, &c., is one of the best in Shaver's Creek Valley.

TERMS.—Fifteen Hundred Dollars to be paid when the land is sold; the balance of one third of the purchase money on the first day of April, 1874, when Deed will be delivered and possession given; the balance in two, three, or four years, to suit purchaser. Payments to be secured by bonds and mortgage of purchaser.

JOSEPH MOSSER,
JOHN H. NEFF,
Executors of Samuel Mosser, deceased.
Neff's Mills, September 17, 1873-ts.

A VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE IN PETERSBURG.

The undersigned, wishing to enter into other business will sell the following property: a new Brick Dwelling House, and a lot and half of ground 90x150 feet fronting on two streets, a new Brick Blacksmith Shop 36x26, three fires, shoeing shop attached 13x26. The shop alone rents for $109.08 and does a good business, the shop is so arranged as to not interfere with the house. A good Stable and Buggy house and all other outbuildings in good order, a variety of good fruit. If not sold till November 15th will then offer it at Public Sale, for further particulars call at the premises.

F. E. WEAVER,
Petersburg, Huntingdon county, Pa.
Sept.24,1873-3mos.

DRUGS, DRUGS, DRUGS.

S. S. SMITH & SON,

No. 616 PENN STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.

Dealers in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Toilet and Fancy Articles, Trusses, Supporters and Shoulder Braces, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Carbon Oil Lamps, &c.

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes

Also, Agent for The Davis Vertical Feed Sewing Machine. Best in the world for all purposes.
Aug.20,1873.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber, living in Lincoln township, desirous of changing his location, will sell the Farm upon which he now resides, at private sale, containing one hundred acres, and allowances, of which about seventy acres are cleared and under fence and the balance well timbered. The improvements are a good new Log Frame House, a Bank Barn, and other outbuildings; there is a never-failing spring at the door, and about four hundred fruit trees. For information and terms apply to

D. G. ENYEART,
James Creek,
Huntingdon county, Pa
August20,1873-3mo.

New Advertisements.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.

Will be offered at Public Sale on the premises, on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1873,

The following described Warriorsmark township, Huntingdon county, viz:

A Farm known as the Spanogle Farm, containing about 122 acres, about 90 of which are cleared and in a fine state of cultivation. The Buildings are a large Bank Barn, and a New Frame Dwelling House. There is a fine Spring of water near the house; lies within a mile of Warriorsmark Town, and about half a mile from Railroad.

A Farm known as the Mong Farm, containing about 118 acres; 90 of which are cleared and in a fine state of cultivation. The Buildings are a Log and Frame Bank Barn, a large Stone Dwelling House, a Stone Spring House, a Frame Wagon Shed, Pig Pen, &c. There is a fine Spring of water near the House. The Farm lies within a mile of Warriorsmark town, on the turnpike, and about a half mile from Railroad.

TERMS.—$500 to be paid in cash on each Farm when bid off; the balance to make the one-third to be paid on the first day of January 1874. The remaining payments will be on easy terms, and made known on day of sale.

Sale to commence at the Spanogle Farm at 11 o'clock A. M., of said day.

WM. A. NEFF.
Sept.17,1873-ts.

SMITHFIELD VILLAGE

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.

TWELVE LOTS on PIKE street and TWELVE LOTS on BRIDGE street. Lots 50x150 feet fronting on sixty foot streets, and extending back to twenty-five foot alleys. Price $200, payments to suit purchasers.

R. R. BRYAN,
No. 528 Penn street, Huntingdon, Pa.
Sept.17,1873-tf.

ENTERPRISE TRANSFER CO.,
HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

We would respectfully announce to the public that we have procured a FIRST CLASS OMNIBUS, for the delivery of Passengers and Baggage to and from all trains, from and to all parts of town, between the hours of 7 A. M, and 8 P. M., (Sunday, excepted). ☞ Orders for night trains must be left at Baggage Room, Union Depot, or Blair's Book Store not later than 8 P. M. ☞ Persons arriving by trains, with baggage, will please give their baggage checks to our driver or to the Baggage Agent at the Depot.

W. H. DEARMITT,
Sept.17,1873-3mos. Gen'l Manager.

APPROVED SCHOOL BOOKS

The attention of Boards of Education, Superintendents and Teachers is invited to the following

APPROVED SCHOOL BOOKS,

PUBLISHED BY

E. H. BUTLER & CO.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

—AND—

UNANIMOUSLY ADOPTED

BY THE

CONVENTION OF DIRECTORS,

HELD AT CLEARFIELD, JUNE 3, 1883.

For the use o the Public Schools of Clearfield co.

Also by the

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

for all the Public Schools in the State of Vermont.

BY THE BOARDS OF EDUCATION OF

New York City,
Philadelphia,
Lancaster,
Reading,
Huntingdon,
Hollidaysburg,

and many other prominent town and cities.

MITCHELL'S NEW GEOGRAPHIES

The Standard Series of America.

ALWAYS UP WITH THE TIMES.

RETAIL PRICES:

Mitchell's First Lessons in Geography	50
Mitchell's New Primary Geography, 4to	80
Mitchell's New Intermediate Geography, 4to	1 80
Mitchell's New School Geography and Atlas	2 50
Mitchell's New Physical Geography	1 88
Mitchell's New Outline Maps and Key, *Small Series, on rollers. Net*	10 00
Mitchell's New Outline Maps and Key, *Large Series, on rollers. Net*	20 00

HISTORIES.

Goodrich's American Child's Pictorial History of the United States	84
Goodrich's Pictorial History of the United States	1 75

THE NEW AMERICAN

READERS AND SPELLERS

The Latest and Handsomest Series.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST SERIES.

New American First Reader,	SARGENT	20
New American Second Reader,		30
New American Third Reader,	AND	50
New American Fourth Reader,		60
New American Fifth Reader,	MAY	90
New American Primary Speller		20
New American Pronouncing Speller		30

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

The New American Etymology	90
Oxford Junior Speaker	75
Oxfords Senior Speaker	1 50

Copies can be obtained upon the most liberal terms for introduction, by application to the publishers or

D. W. PROCTOR, Agent,
Huntingdon, Pa.

☞ Correspondence with Teachers and Directors cordially invited. Aug13-3m

WISTAR'S BALSAM

OF

WILD CHERRY!

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION!

and acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be the most Reliable Preparation ever introduced for the RELIEF and CURE of all

LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This well known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years, and when resorted to in season seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Soreness in the Chest or Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaint, &c.

CONSUMPTION

CAN BE

CURED

by a timely resort to this Standard Remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry

does not dry up a Cough and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most preparations, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

THIS HOUSEHOLD REMEDY

Should be in the hands of every family and individual, as its prompt use for a slight cough or cold will cause immediate relief, while cases of long standing and apparently incurable character often yield to its wonderful curative powers, and its great adaptation to the wants of man when afflicted.

CLERGYMEN, LAWYERS, SINGERS,

and all those whose occupation requires an unusual exercise of the vocal organs, will find this the only preparation which will effectually and instantaneously relieve their difficulties.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Remember that the genuine Wistar's Balsam has on the outside wrapper the signature of "I. BUTTS," and the printed name of the proprietors, "SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, BOSTON." All others are base imitations. Examine the wrapper carefully before purchasing.

PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston,
And sold by dealers generally.
August6,1873,eewly.

FOR ALL KINDS OF PRINTING, GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE.

Real Estate.

K. ALLEN LOVELL. J. HALL MUSSER.

HUNTINGDON LAND AGENCY.

Persons having Real Estate to *sell*, as well as those who wish to purchase, will find it greatly to their advantage to consult the undersigned, who, in connection with their practice as Attorneys-at Law, in the settlement of Estates, &c., are able to effect speedy and satisfactory purchases and sales of farms, town properties, timber lands, &c.

LOVELL & MUSSER,
1jan73-1y. Huntingdon, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will offer, at public sale, on the premises, in Shirley township, Huntingdon county, Pa., on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1873,

at one o'clock in the afternoon, the following described Real Estate:

All that valuable tract of land situate in the township aforesaid, about seven miles from Mount Union on the Pennsylvania Railroad two and-a-half miles west of Shirleysburg, on the East Broad Top Railroad, and three miles from Orbisonia, on the last mentioned railroad, containing THIRTY-FIVE acres in a good state of cultivation, having thereon erected a good FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, good Barn, Wood Shed, Spring House, Smoke House and every other outbuildings necessary for comfort and convenience; also, a SAW-MILL in complete running order, which has been repaired recently, with an improved water wheel; the mill cuts very fast; also, in connection with it is a good LATHE MILL very recently put up. The stream on which the saw-mill is located affords an excellent Grist Mill, Foundry or Factory site. Being in a good grain growing community a GRIST MILL would do a good custom business. The erection of Iron Furnaces, Forges and Rolling Mills at Orbisonia, will afford a good market for flour and feed. There is a good Orchard of choice fruits such as Peaches, Cherries, Apples, Grapes, &c. Next in importance is the prospect of iron ore on the farm partially developed. A mine having been opened recently and a vein struck of excellent Hemetite ore immediately on the line between Joseph Rhodes and this property.

This property is owned by George M. Spanogle, Esq., who now resides on it.

TERMS.—$200 of the purchase money to be paid as soon as the property is knocked down. The one-half of the purchase money, (which will include the $200 paid when the property is knocked down) to be paid on the first day of April, A. D., 1874, at which time possession will be given a deed conveying a good title delivered; the balance in payments not to exceed $150 annually, with interest from April 1st 1874.

LOVELL & MUSSER,
Attorneys for owner, No. 300½ Penn Street,
Huntingdon, Pa.
Sept.17,1873-ts.

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of JACOB AYERS, deceased.*]

The undersigned, residing in McAlavy's Fort, having been appointed Administrator *de bonis non cum testamento annexo* of the estate of Jacob Ayers, late of Jackson township deceased. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES I. AYERS,
Sept.17,1873. Administrator.

HUNTINGDON

BOROUGH

WATER LOAN.

8 PER CENT. TWENTY YEARS COUPON BONDS.

REGISTERED OR MADE PAYABLE TO BEARER AS INVESTORS MAY DESIRE.

INTEREST PAYABLE SEMI-ANNUALLY,
JANUARY and JULY.

THIS LOAN IS AUTHORIZED BY ACT OF ASSEMBLY, APPROVED MARCH 10, 1871.

Bonds will be issued in denominations of $100, $200, $300, $400, $500, $600, $700, $800, $900, $1000 and $5000.

This Loan is free from County and Municipal taxes.

Subscriptions will be received at the office of D. Caldwell, Esq., No. 111, Third street.

J. H. BORING,
Chief Burgess.
August20,1873-6mos.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OEFICE,
HUNTINGDON, PA., August 23, 1873.

Notice is herby given, that I have this day appointed J. Hall Musser, Deputy District Attorney. All business pertining to said office should hereafter be addressed to him.

H. CLAY MADDEN,
District Attorney of Huntingdon county, Pa.
August 27, 1873-1y.

WEIGHT GUARANTIED.
732 and 734 Penn Street.

WILKESBARREE COAL is the cheapest, because it is the MOST DURABLE. A superior article of all sizes constanty on hand. Orders solicited and promptly filled by

July30-3mo. HENRY & CO.

NO CURE NO PAY.

DYSPEPSIA

Permanently cured in in every instance by the EAGLE DYSPEPSIA TROCHES.

They will immediately correct a sour stomach, cure heartburn, sickness or pain in the stomach, costiveness, liver complaint, head ache, etc., etc. For sale by all Druggists. Price 35 cents per Box. NEBEKER & CO., Proprietors, Phila., Pa. For sale in Huntingdon, by JOHN READ & SONS, Druggists. July23,'73-3mo.

TO FURNITURE BUYERS.

If you want to save 10 to 15 per cent. don't fail to go to the large

NEW FURNITURE STORE,

Just opened by

BROWN & TYHURST,

At No. 525, PENN Street, HUNTINGDON, PA.

They have just returned from a trip among the *wholesale* manufacturers, of the different kinds of Furniture, Mattresses, &c., buying at exceedingly low prices FOR CASH. They are also manufacturing such kinds of furniture as it will pay best to make here; and they wish it understood, that those who buy from them, will get bargains, as they intend to sell *low for cash*, and will not have to charge bad debts of worthless customers, to cash buyers' goods. Go and see their PARLOR SUITS and new styles of COTTAGE and FRENCH CHAMBER SUITS, CHAIRS of all kinds, LOUNGES, TABLES, &c.

July30,1873-3mo.

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the Centennial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employed in the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundredth birth-day by the nation The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will receive a handsome steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservation as a national memorial.

Interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum will be paid on all payments of Centennial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.

Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post-office order to the undersigned.

FREDK. FRALEY, Treasurer,
Aug.20,'73toJuly4,'76.] 904 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

The Huntingdon Journal.

Farm and Household.

Improve Your Farm.

Make up your mind to steadily improve the condition of your land; and above all, kill the weeds; grow more clover, peas and roots, and consume them all on the farm. Make more and better manure. Buy bran to feed out. Sell timothy hay, if need be, but never sell clover hay. Sell straw whenever, as now in this section, it is worth half as much per ton as bran. Study the chemistry of manures. There are many places where artificial fertilizers can be used to great advantage. Improve your stock; feed liberally. Raise a few thoroughbreds, and gradually work your way into the business; but do not be in a hurry. Set out choice fruit trees, and take care of them. Spend moderately. Live within your income. Do not discount your prospects. And again I say *kill the weeds*. Cultivate the land thoroughly. Make the weed-seeds grow, and then kill the young plants. I feel sure that the young farmer who follows this advice will not have to wait many years before getting his reward. I look upon it as absolutely certain that we shall get good prices for farm produce in the near future. I fear we shall get extravagantly high prices. I fear still more that few farmers will profit by them. Prices never have been and never can be high enough to make poor farming profitable. You must get your land in good condition now, and thus be ready to avail yourselves of the high prices when they come—as come they will.—"Walks and Talks on the Farm," in *American Agricuiturist*.

Uses of Waste Paper.

Few housekeepers are aware of the many uses to which waste paper may be put. After a stove has been blackened, it can be kept looking very well for a long time by rubbing it with paper every morning. Rubbing with paper is a much nicer way of keeping the outside of a tea kettle, coffee pot or tea pot bright and clean, than the old way of washing it in suds. Rubbing them with paper is also the best way of polishing knives and tinware after scouring them. If a little soap be held on the paper in rubbing tinware and spoons, they shine like new silver. For polishing mirrors, windows, lamp chimneys, etc., paper is better than dry cloth. Preserves and pickles keep much better if brown paper instead of cloth is tied over the jar. Canned fruit is not apt to mold if a piece of writing paper, cut to fit each can, is laid directly upon the fruit. Paper is much better to put under carpet than straw. It is thinner warmer, and makes less noise when one walks over it. Two thicknesses of paper placed between the other coverings on a bed are as warm as a quilt. If it is necessary to step upon a chair, always lay a paper upon it, and thus save the paint and woodwork from damage.—*Scientific American*.

Oat Meal in Drinks.

A year or two ago we presented some statements regarding the use of oat meal in water as a beverage. We find a reproduction of a commendation of the preparation in another journal. The Editor says: "Last summer we attended a field trial of ploughs, and for drink in the field we had buckets of cold water with oat meal stirred in, which we found to be both victuals and drink and mighty refreshing."

The *Medical Journal* of Edinburg says that "in its raw state, when it is mixed up with water, it is becoming a favorite dish. The brose of 'Auld Scotland' is becoming a favorite dish—and we are glad to note this, because we believe it to be a healthy and muscle forming commodity—by the hunters and trappers of the west, who are substituting oat meal in this form for parched and Indian corn. The same brawny fellows—whose scorn of fatigue is known to all readers of travel and natural history—have found out that a very acceptable drink is made by putting about two teaspoonfuls of oat meal to a tumbler of water. This they, the hunters and trappers—aver to be the best drink they can use, as it is at once nourishing, unstimulating and satisfying."

Saving Seeds.

One reason why so many seeds saved from one's own garden fail to grow, is, they are not thoroughly dried before being put away. They may look dry and feel dry on the outside, and yet not be so; and if they are laid away damp, they mildew and then won't grow. We all know how annoying it is to be obliged to replant the garden after it is time the seeds are up. Always save your seeds from the largest and nicest vegetables, and you will raise better ones than you would if you had saved them as it just happens. Have paper bags made to keep your seeds in.—Write the name of each kind of seed, and date at which time it was gathered, plainly on the bag, and then there can be no mistake. When the bags are filled, put them away in a box where they will keep dry, and where the mice cannot reach them. You will thus have laid up a store for future use.—*Young Folk's Rural.*

HOW TO MAKE TOMATO FIGS.—Pour boiling water over the tomatoes in order to remove the skins; then weigh them and place them in a stone jar, with as much sugar as you have tomatoes, and let them stand two days; then pour off the syrup and boil and skim it until no scum rises. Then pour as before, then boil and skim again. After a third time they are fit to dry, if the weather is good; if not let them stand in the syrup until dry weather. Then place on large earthen plates or dishes and put them in the sun to dry, which takes about a week, after which pack them down in small wooden boxes, with fine, white sugar betweeen each layer. Tomatoes prepared in this manner will keep for years.—*Country Gentleman.*

ANTIDOTE FOR POISONING BY PLANTS AND INSECTS.—A standing antidote for poison by oak, ivy, etc., is to take a handful of quicklime, dissolved in water, let stand half an hour, then paint the poisoned parts with it. Three or four applications will never fail to cure the most aggravated cases. Poison from bees, hornets, spider bites, etc., is instantly arrested by the application of equal parts of common salt and bicarbonate of soda, well rubbed in on the place bitten or stung.—*Boston Journal of Chemistry.*

A STRONG CEMENT FOR GLASS AND PORCELAIN.—Two parts of isinglass are soaked in water until well swollen; the water is then poured off, and the isinglass is dissolved in alchohol, by the heat. One part of mastic is then dissolved in three parts alchohol, and added to the above solution; then one part of gum-ammoniacum. The solution is well shaken, and evaporated to the consistency of strong glue, when it solidifies on cooling. For use, the cement and the articles themselves must be warmed.

TOMATO PUDDING.—Place pared and sliced tomatoes to the depth of an inch or more, in a bright tin basin. Spinkle sugar over them. Next a layer of light bread in slices well spread with butter. Then a deep layer of tomatoes and sugar again, and lastly a layer of bread and butter on the top. Flavor with lemon or nutmeg. Bake from one to two hours, according to the size of your dish.

United States Laws.

(Published by Authority.)

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES PASSED AT THE THIRD SESSION OF THE FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 59.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the service of the Post-Office Department for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated for the service of the Post-Office Department, for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, out of any moneys in the treasury arising from the revenues of said Department, in conformity to the act of July second, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, as follows:

For inland mail transportation, fourteen million eight hundred and forty thousand and twenty dollars.

For pay of mail-messengers, six hundred and seven thousand one hundred and seven dollars.

For pay of route-agents, eight hundred and eighty-four thousand seven hundred and ninety-six dollars.

For pay of mail-route messengers, one hundred and seventy-one thousand two hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For pay of local agents, ninety-five thousand one hundred and fifty-eight dollars.

For pay of railway post-office clerks, one million two hundred and fifty-seven thousand one hundred and fifty-seven dollars.

For pay of baggage-masters, two thousand four hundred and twenty-nine dollars.

For foreign mail transportation, three hundred thousand dollars.

For ship, steamboat, and way letters, t n thousand dollars.

For pay of postmasters, five million seven hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For pay of clerks for post-offices, two million nine hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

For pay of letter-carriers, one million six hundred thousand dollars: and that commencing with the first day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, letter-carriers may be employed for the free delivery of mail-matter, as frequently as the public convenience may require, at every place containing a population of not less than twenty thousand within the delivery of its post-office; and that for the purpose of employing carriers where not already employed at such places, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. And for the more efficient organization of the free-delivery system the Postmaster-General may designate one of the present fourth-class clerks to act as superintendent of free-delivery in the Post-Office Department, at an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the salary hereby fixed shall terminate at the end of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four.

For wrapping-paper, thirty-three thousand dollars.

For twine, thirty-eight thousand dollars.

For letter-balances, three thousand dollars.

For office-furniture, six thousand five hundred dollars.

For advertising, seventy thousand dollars: Provided, That hereafter no payment shall be made to any newspaper published in the District of Columbia for advertising any other mail-routes than those in Virginia and Maryland.

For manufacture of adhesive postage-stamps, one hundred and thirty thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For stamped envelopes and wrappers, four hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars: Provided, That hereafter no envelope as furnished by the Government shall contain any lithographing and engraving, and no printing except a printed request to return the letter to the writer.

For manufacture of Postal cards, one hundred and sixty-seven thousand dollars.

For pay of distributing agents and assistants, fourteen thousand dollars.

For payments on account of mail depredations and for special agents, one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For mail-bags and mail-bag catchers, one hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

For mail-locks and keys, forty thousand dollars.

For post-marking and canceling stamps, twelve thousand dollars.

For preparing and publishing post-route maps, twenty-seven thousand dollars.

For balances due foreign countries, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For rent of Post-offices, three hundred thousand dollars.

For fuel for post-offices, one hundred and thirty thousand dollars.

For light for post-offices, one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For stationery and miscellaneous items, sixty thousand dollars.

For registered package envelopes, fifty-six thousand dollars.

For official envelopes for postmasters, twenty-nine thousand five hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For envelopes for returning dead-letters, six thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For fees to marshals, attorneys, and clerks of courts, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For engraving, printing, and binding drafts and warrants, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, two thousand five hundred dollars.

SEC. 2. That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, namely:

For steamship service between San Francisco, Japan, and China, eight hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

For steamship service between the United States and Brazil, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For steamship service between San Francisco and the Sandwich Islands, seventy-five thousand dollars.

SEC. 3. That if the revenues of the Post-Office Department shall be insufficient to meet the appropriations made by this act, then the sum of five million three hundred and ninety-six thousand six hundred and two dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the revenue of the Post-Office Department for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four: Provided, That all laws and parts of laws permitting the transmission by mail of any free matter whatever, be, and the same are hereby, repealed from and after June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-three.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 66.]

AN ACT to provide for the preparation and presentation to Congress of the Revision of the Laws of the United States, consolidating the laws relating to the post-roads, and a code relating to military offences, and the revision of treaties with the Indian tribes now in force.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a committee of three of the Committee of the House of Representatives on the Revision of the Laws, with committee on the part of the Senate, is hereby authorized, by resolution, to be filed in the Department of Justice, to accept, on the part of Congress, the draft on Revision of the Laws of the United States prepared by the commissioners to revise the statutes, so far as the same has been reported by them, and may be hereafter reported by them, at the expiration of the time designated for performing that service, to wit, the fourth day of May, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, and to discharge said commissioners, from and after which all acts and parts of acts declaring the duties, powers, rights, and privileges of said commissioners, are hereby repealed; but nothing herein contained shall be construed as an approval or adoption by Congress of any part of the work of the commissioners.

SEC. 2. That the Committee of the House of Representatives on the Revision of the Laws, together with such committee as the Senate may join, be, and they are hereby authorized to contract with some suitable person or persons, learned in the laws to prepare a bill revising and embodying in one act all the laws authorizing post-roads in force at the expiration of the present session of Congress; and also to prepare a bill codifying and regulating the laws in regard to military offences; and also to prepare a revision of all the Indian treaties now in force as laws.

SEC. 3. That said committee are also authorized to contract with some some suitable person or persons, under the supervision of said committee and such regulations as may be by them prescribed, to prepare the revisions of the statutes already reported by the commissioners, or which may be reported before said fourth day of May, in the form of a bill, to be presented at the opening of the session of Congress in December next, embodying all the laws so revised and the bills provisions herein provided for, with proper indexes, so that the same may be in form to be acted upon forthwith by Congress at said session.

SEC. 4. That said committee is further authorized to have such revisions and bills printed by the Congressional Printer from time to time, uniform with the revision already reported, and to distribute them, and also the consolidation and codification of the postal and military laws and treaties herein provided for, to members of Congress and others competent to judge of their merits, in order for their correction by such persons.

SEC. 5. That any moneys appropriated for the payment of the work herein provided for shall be disbursed by the Department of Justice, from time to time only so far as that Department shall be satisfied that the work has been well performed, and as said Department shall be satisfied that the work will be fully done and completed by the commencement of said session of Congress in December next.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 86.]

AN ACT for the suppression of trade in and circulation of obscene literature and articles of immoral use.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whoever, within the District of Columbia or any of the Territories of the United States, or other place within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, shall sell, or lend, or give away, or in any manner exhibit, or shall offer to sell, or to lend, or to give away, or in any manner to exhibit, or shall otherwise publish or offer to publish in any manner, or shall have in his possession, for any such purpose or purposes, any obscene book, pamphlet, paper, writing, advertisement, circular, print, picture, drawing, or other representation, figure, or image on or of paper or other material, or any cest, instrument, or other article of an immoral nature, or any drug or medicine, or any article, whatever, for the Prevention of conception, or for causing unlawful abortion, or shall advertise the same for sale, or shall write or print, or cause to be written or printed, any card, circular, book, pamphlet, adfiertisement, or notice of any kind, stating when, where, how, or of whom, or by what means, any of the articles in this section hereinbefore mentioned, can be purchased or obtained, or shall manufacture, draw, or print, or in any wise make any of such articles, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof in any court of the United States having criminal jurisdiction in the District of Columbia, or in any territory or place within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, where such misdemeanor shall have been committed; and on conviction thereof, he shall be imprisoned at hard labor in the penitentiary for not less than six months nor more than five years for each offense, or fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than two thousand dollars, with costs of court.

SEC. 2. That all persons are prohibited from importing into the United States, from any foreign country, any of the hereinbefore-mentioned articles or things, except the drugs hereinbefore-mentioned when imported in bulk, and not put up for ony of the purposes before mentioned; and all such prohibited articles in the course of importation shall be detained by the officer of customs, and proceedings taken against the same under section five of this act.

SEC. 3. That whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the government of the United States, shall knowingly aid or abet any person engaged in any violation of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall, for every offense, be punished as provided in section two of this act.

SEC. 4. That any judge of any district or circuit court of the United States, within the proper district, before whom complaint in writing of any violation of this act shall be made, to the satisfaction of said judge: Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed as repealing the one hundred and forty-eight section of the act of which this act is amendatory or to affect any indictments heretofore found for offenses against the same, but the said indictments may be prosecuted to judgment as if this section had not been enacted.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 75.]

AN ACT providing for the payment to the government of Japan the sum due on account of rents for lands and buildings occupied by the diplomatic and consular representatives of the United States to Japan, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State be, and is hereby, authorized to pay to the government of Japan, through its resident diplomatic representative in the United States, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appriated, any sum not exceedment of Japan by that of the United States, on account of rents for lands or buildings occupied for hospital purposes, jail, and court-house, by the United States in Japan.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of State, through the minister resident at Japan, be, and he is hereby, authorized to rent, furnish, and keep suitable buildings with grounds appurtenant, in Jedo or such other place as he may designate, for a court-house and jail, at an annual cost not exceeding five thousand dollars: Provided, That the period for which the said buildings shall be rented shall be for two years, with renewals for two years as the Secretary of State shall determine.

SEC. 3. That a further sum, not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars, be, and the same is hereby, also appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purchase of a suitable law-library for the use of said legation in Japan, the selection of such library to be made by the Secretary of State.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 77.]

AN ACT to provide for the establishment of a military prison, and for its government.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be established at Rock Island, in the State of Illinois, a prison for the confinement and reformation of offenders against the rules, regulations, and laws for the government of the army of the United States, in which shall be securely confined, and employed at labor, and governed in the manner hereinafter directed, all offenders convicted before any court-martial or military commission in the United States, and sentenced according to law to imprisonment therein.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of War shall organize a board of five members, to consist of three officers of the army and two persons from civil life, who shall adopt a plan for the building of such prison, and who shall frame regulations for the government of the prisoners, in accordance with the provisions of this act. The said commissioners from civil life shall hold their offices for the term of three years, and shall be paid five dollars a day while on duty, and necessary traveling expenses; and the said officers of the army shall, at all times, be subject to removal by the Secretary of War.

SEC. 3. That one of the inspectors of the army shall, at least once in three months, visit the prison for the purpose of examining into the books and all the affairs thereof, and ascertaining whether the laws, rules, and regulations relating thereto, are complied with, the officers are competent and faithful, and the convicts properly governed and employed, and at the same time treated with humanity and kindness. And it shall be the duty of the inspector, at once, to make full report thereof to the Secretary of War.

SEC. 4. That the prisoners shall be supplied with ample and clean bedding, and with wholesome and sufficient food, but when in hospital or under discipline their diet shall be prescribed by proper authority. The prison shall be suitably ventilated, and each prisoner shall have a weekly bath of cold or tepid water, which shall be applied to the whole surface of the body, unless the surgeon shall direct otherwise for the health of the prisoner.

SEC. 9. That no officer of the prison, or other person connected therewith, shall be concerned or interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract, purchase, or sale made on account of the prison.

SEC. 6. That any soldier or other person employed in the prison who shall suffer a convict to escape, or shall in any way consent to his escape, or shall aid him to escape, or in an attempt to escape, shall, upon conviction by a court martial, be confined therein not less than one year.

SEC. 7. That all prisoners under confinement in said military prisons undergoing sentence of courts-martial under the rules and articles of war for offences committed during the said confinement.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 72.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to prevent smuggling, and for other purposes," approved July eighteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the seventh section of the act entitled, "An act to further prevent smuggling, and for other purposes," approved July eighteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, is hereby amended so as to read as follows: That it shall be the duty of the several collectors of customs and internal revenue to report within ten days to the district attorney of the district in which any fine, penalty or forfeiture may be incurred for the violation of any law of the United States relating to the revenue, a statement of all the facts and circumstances of the case within their knowledge, together with the names of the witnesses, and which may come to their knowledge from time to time, and such district attorney shall cause the proper proceedings to be commenced and prosecuted without delay for the fines, penalties, and forfeitures by law in such case provided; and for the expenses incurred and services rendered in all such cases the district attorney shall receive and be paid from the treasury such sum as the Secretary of the Treasury shall deem just and reasonable upon the certificate of the judge before whom such cases are tried or disposed of: Provided, however, That the annual compensation of such district attorney shall not exceed the maximum amount now prescribed by law; and if any collector shall in any case fail to report to the proper district attorney as prescribed in this section, such collector's right to any compensation, benefit, or allowance in such case shall be forfeited to the United States, and the same may, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, be awarded to such persons as may make complaint and prosecute the same to judgement or conviction.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 80.]

AN ACT to prevent cruelty to animals while in transit by railroad or other means of transportation within the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no railroad company within the United States whose road forms or any part of a line of road over which cattle sheep, swine, or other animals shall be conveyed from one State to another, or the owners or masters of steam, sailing, or other vessels carrying or transporting cattle, sheep, swine, or other animals from one State to another, shall confine the same in cars, boats, or vessels of and description, for a longer period than twenty-eight consecutive hours without unloading the same for rest, way ter, and feeding, for a period of at least five consecutive hours, unless prevented from so unloading by storm or other accidental causes: Provided, That when animals shall be carried in cars, boats, or other vessels in which they can have proper food, water, space, and opportunity for rest, the foregoing provisions in regard to their being unloaded shall not apply.

SEC. 2. That the penalty created by the first section of this act shall be recovered by civil action in the name of the name of the United States, in the circuit or district court of the United States, holden within the district where the violation of this act may have been committed, or the person or corporation resides or carries on its business; and it shall be the duty of all United States marshals, their deputies and subordinates, to prosecute all violations of this act which shall come to their notice or knowledge.

SEC. 3. That this act shall not go into effect until the first day of October, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 68.]

AN ACT to authorize the unlading of steamships at night.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the collector of customs (with the concurrence of the naval officer, if there be one) of any port at which the steamship from a foreign port or place may arrive, upon or after the issuing of a general order, to grant, upon proper application therefor, a special license to unlade the cargo of said vessel at night, that is to say, between sunset and sunrise; but before any special license is granted, the master, agents, or consignees of the vessel shall execute and deliver to the said collector a gold and sufficient bond, to be approved by him, conditioned to indemnity and save the said collector harmless from any losses and liabilities which may occur; And provided, That any liability of the owner of any such steamship to the owner or consignee of any merchandise landed from said vessel shall not be affected by the granting of such special license; and the collector, under such general regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, shall fix a uniform and reasonable rate of compensation for like service, to be paid by the master, owner or consignee, whenever such license is granted, and shall collect and distribute the same among the inspectors assigned to to superintend the unlading of the cargo.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 81.]

AN ACT to make San Diego, in the State of California, a port of entry.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the counties of Santa Barbara, Los Angeles; San Bernardo, and San Diego, in the state of California, are hereby detached from the collection district of San Francisco; and all the territory, ports, harbors, rivers, and waters, of said counties shall constitute a collection district by the name of the San Diego district; and the city of San Diego, on the bay of San Diego, is hereby established as the sole port of entry for said district; and the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a collector, to reside at said port, whose compensation shall be three thousand dollars per annum.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall have power to appoint such inspectors, weighers, gangers, measurers, and other officers as may be necessary for the collection of the revenue at said port; and the collector of said port may, with the approbation of said Secretary, appoint inspectors, whose compensation shall be one thousand dollars each per annum, for each of the ports of San Pedro and Santa Barbara, which shall continue to be ports of delivery.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 82.]

AN ACT relating to the fractional parts of a barrel containing fermented liquors.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section eighteen of the act entitled "An act to reduce duties on imports and to reduce internal taxes, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, be amended by striking out the proviso to said section, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "In estimating and computing the internal tax on all beer, lager beer, ale, porter, and other fermented liquors, by whatever name such liquors may be called, the fractional parts of a barrel shall be halves, thirds, quarters, sixths, and eighths; and any fractional part of a barrel containg less than one-eighth shall be accounted one-eighth; more than one-eighth, and not more than one-sixth, shall be accounted one-sixth; more than one-sixth, and not more than one-fourth, shall be accounted one-fourth; more than one-fourth, and not more than one-third, shall be accounted one-third; more than one-third, and not more than one-half, shall be accounted one-half; more than one half, and not more than one barrel, shall be accounted one barrel; and more than one barrel, and not more than sixty three gallons, shall be accounted two barrels, or a hogshead.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 85.]

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Texas Pacific Railroad Company, and to aid in the construction of its road, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the face value of all bonds hereafter issued by the Texas and Pacific Railroad Company under the provisions of an act approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, shall, at the option of the company, be either in gold, or other lawful money of the United States, bearing interest, at like option of the company, either in gold or other lawful money of the United States; and any mortgage heretofore executed by said company, securing bonds payable in any lawful money of the United States other than gold, and the bonds recited therein, and to secure which said mortgage was given, are hereby legalized, and said mortgage and bonds shall have the same effect as though they had been authorized by the act to which this is a supplement: Provided, That in all other respects the requirements of that law in regard to such mortgage and bonds have been fully complied with.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 73.]

AN ACT to regulate the taking of testimony in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no witness shall be compelled to appear or to testify before any commissioner or officer appointed to take testimony under letters rogatory, issued or to be issued from any court in any foreign country, in any suit or proceeding in which the government of such foreign country shall be a party of record or in interest, except for the purpose of answering specific written interrogatories issued with and accompanying such letters rogatory, and addressed to such witness: Provided, That when counsel for all the parties attend the examination, that may consent that questions in addition to those accompanying the letters rogatory may be put to the witness, unless the letters rogatory, exclude such additional interrogatories.

SEC. 2. That no witness shall be required, on such examination, or any other under letters rogatory, to make any disclosure or discovery which shall tend to criminate him either under the laws of the State or Territory within which such examination is had, or any other, or any foreign State.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 74.]

AN ACT to restore Absalom Kirby as second assistant engineer in the navy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the advice of the Senate, to restore Absalom Kirby to his original position on the active list as a second assistant engineer in the navy of the United States.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 67.]

AN ACT fixing the time for the election of Representatives for the State of California to the Forty-fourth Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That on the first Wednesday in September, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-four, there shall be elected in each congressional district in the Sate of California, one Representative to represent said State in the Forty-fourth Congress of the United States.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

Travellers' Guide.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Summer Arrangement.

On and after Sunday, August 14, 1873, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

UP TRAINS. Accom.	Mail	STATIONS.	DOWN TRAINS. Accom.	Mail
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
LE 6 15	LE 7 45	Huntingdon	AR 6 50	AR 9 20
6 20	7 50	Long Siding	6 45	9 15
6 35	8 00	McConnellstown	6 35	9 05
6 40	8 05	Pleasant Grove	6 29	8 58
6 51	8 50	Marklesburg	6 15	8 45
7 01	8 20	Coffee Run	6 05	8 35
7 08	8 35	Rough and Ready	5 58	8 29
7 15	8 41	Cove	5 49	8 20
7 18	8 50	Fishers Summit	5 46	8 17
7 35	8 53	Saxton	5 30	8 00
7 50	9 10	Riddlesburg	5 15	7 45
7 55	9 25	Hopewell	5 10	7 38
8 10	9 32	Pipers Run	4 58	7 26
8 15	9 45	Brallier's Siding	4 50	7 20
8 21	9 50	Tatesville	4 43	7 12
8 26	9 57	B. Run Siding	4 38	7 09
8 32	10 01	Everett	4 33	7 03
8 40	10 15	Mount Dallas	4 25	6 55
9 00	11 35	BEDFORD	4 05	6 35

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 9 20	LE 7 40	Saxton	5 25	AR 7 55
9 35	7 55	Coalmont	5 10	7 40
9 40	8 00	Crawford	5 05	7 35
9 50	8 10	Dudley	4 55	7 25
AR 10 10		Broad Top City	4 35	

G. F. GAGE, SUPT.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS.

Summer Arrangement.

WESTWARD. MAIL	CINCINNATI EXPRESS	WAY PASSENGER	MIXED TRAIN	STATIONS.	EASTWARD. HARRISBURG ACCOM.	MAIL	PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
5 07	2 58	11 33	10 41	N. Hamilton	1002	4 54	11 59
5 14	3 03	11 40	10 55	Mt. Union	9 55	4 46	11 53
5 22	3 09	11 48	11 10	Mapleton	9 47	4 38	11 47
5 31	3 15	11 56	11 26	Mill Creek	9 41	4 30	11 40
5 45	3 25	12 10	11 50	HUNTINGDON	9 29	4 15	11 29
6 03	3 40	12 31	12 20	Petersburg	9 16	4 00	11 16
6 12	3 48	12 42	12 32	Barree	9 09	3 51	11 09
6 19	3 54	12 50	12 40	Spruce Creek	9 03	3 45	11 04
6 33	4 05	1 07	1 00	Birmingham	8 50	3 31	10 54
6 40	4 12	1 14	1 08	Tyrone	8 40	3 23	10 49
6 54	4 20	1 26	1 22	Tipton	8 30	3 13	10 42
7 00	4 25	1 33	1 30	Fostoria	8 25	3 07	10 37
7 05	4 28	1 38	1 38	Bell's Mills	8 22	3 03	10 34
7 25	4 56	2 00	2 09	Altoona	8 05	2 45	10 20
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

The Fast Line Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 59 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 20 P. M.

The Pittsburg Express, Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 2.40 a m, and arrives in Altoona at 4.00 a m.

The Pacific Express Westward leaves Huntingdon at 7 27 A. M. and arrives at Altoona at 8 55 A. M.

The Southern Express, Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 5 39 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 6 24 A. M.

The Pacific Express, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 8.41, a m, and arrives at Harrisburg 11.40 a m.

The Fast Line, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 2 35 A. M. and arrives at Harrisburg at 5 40 A. M.

The Cincinnati Express, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 05 P. M., and arrives at Harrisburg at 10 45 P. M.

The Philadelphia Express, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 11.29 p m, and arrives at Harrisburg at 2.55 a m.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO. BEDFORD DIVISION.

On and after June 30, 1873, Passenger Trains will leave Bedford, as follows, viz:

6.35 a. m. Huntingdon Mail.
9.30 a. m. Mt. Dallas Accommodation.
10.40 a. m. Cumberland Express.
1.40 a. m. State Line Accommodation.
4.05 p. m. Huntingdon Express.

Trains arrive at Bedford, as follows, viz:

From Huntingdon, at 11.15 a. m. and 8.55 p. m.
From Bridgeport, at 8.30 a. m. and 3.05 p. m.
From Cumberland at 7.25 p. m.

W. H. BROWN,
Superintendent Bedford Division.

G. CLINTON GARDNER,
General Superintendent.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Sunday, August 30th, 1873, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

NORTHWARD.	No. 1.	No. 2.	SOUTHWARD.	No. 2.	No. 4.
	A. M.	P. M.		A. M	P. M.
Orbisonia LE	8 30	3 20	Mt. Union LE	11 50	5 30
Shirley	8 55	3 45	AughwickMill	12 15	5 55
AughwickMill	9 10	4 00	Shirley	12 30	6 10
Mt. Union AR	9 35	4 25	Orbisonia AR	12 55	6 35

A. W. SIMS, Supt.

READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

MONDAY, AUGUST 4TH, 1873

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows: at 5.30, 8.10, a. m., and 2.00 p. m., connecting with trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 12.35, 3.50 and 9.45 p. m. respectively.

Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 a. m. 12.50 and 5.30 p. m., Philadelphia at 7.30, 9.15 a. m., and 3.30 p. m.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Allentown and Philadelphia at 5.30 and 8.10 a. m., 2 00 and 4.05 p. m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4.05 p. m. train connecting for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad leave Harrisburg at 3.40 p. m.

East Pennsylvania Railroad trains leave Reading for Allentown, Easton and New York at 7.30, 10.35 a. m., and 4.00 p. m. Returning, leave New York at 9.00 a. m., 12.50 and 5 30 p. m. and Allentown at 7.20 a. m. 12.25 2.10, 4.35 and 8.55 p. m.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a. m., connecting at Reading with train on East Penna. Railroad, returning leaves Pottsville at 4.35 p. m., stopping at all stations.

Leave Pottsville at 6.00, 8.05 and 9.10 a. m. and 2.30 p. m. Herndon at 10.00 a. m., Shamokin at 6.00 and 11.02 a. m., Ashland at 7.18 a. m. and 12.20 p. m., Mahanoy City at 7.53 a. m. and 12.54 p. m., Tamaqua 5.15 8.35 a. m. and 2.15 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.05 a. m. for Harrisburg, and 12.05 p. m., for Pinegrove and Tremont.

Pottsville Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 6.00 a. m., passes Reading at 7.30 a. m., arriving at Philadelphia at 10.10 a. m. Returning leaves Philadelphia at 5.15 p. m., passes Reading at 7.40 p. m., arriving at Pottsville at 9.20 p. m.

Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6.45 a. m., returning, leaves Philadelphia (Ninth and Green,) at 4.30 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.30 a. m. and 6.15 p. m., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.; returning leave Lancaster at 8.20 a. m. and 3.30 p. m., and Columbia at 8.15 a. m. and 3.20 p. m.

Perkiomen Railroad Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9.00 a. m., 2.55 and 6.30 p. m. returning, leave Green Lane at 6.00 and 7.40 a. m., 12.35 and 4.20 p. m., connecting with trains on Reading Railroad.

Pickering Valley Railroad Trains leave Phoenixville at 9.05 a. m., 3.05 and 5.50 p. m.; returning leave Byers at 6.30 a. m., 12.40 and 4.20 p. m., connecting with trains on Reading Railroad.

Colebrookdale Railroad Trains leave Pottstown at 9.40 a. m. and 1.05, 6.20 p. m., returning leave Mount Pleasant at 5.50, and 11.25 a. m. and 3.00 p. m., connecting with trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester Valley Railroad Trains leave Bridgeport at 8.30 a. m. 2.40 and 5.33 p. m., returning leave Downingtown at 7.00 a. m., 12.30 and 5.40 p. m., connecting with trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays: leave New York at 5.30 p. m., Philadelphia at 8.00 a. m. and 3.15 p. m., 2.35 p. m. leave Pottsville at 8.00 a. m., leave Harrisburg at 5.30 a. m. and 2.00 p. m.; leave Allentown at 4.35 8.55 p. m.; leave Reading at 7.40 a. m. and 10.15 p. m. for Harrisburg, at 7.30 a. m. for New York, at 7.40 a. m. for Allentown and at 9.40 a. m. and 4.10 p. m. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points, at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
General Superintendent.

dec.2,'72.]

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

Through and Direct Route to Washington, Baltimore, Elmira, Erie, Buffalo, Rochester and Niagara Falls.

Five trains daily to and from Washington and Baltimore and Four trains daily to and from the North and West Branch Susquehanna, and two trains daily to and from Northern and Western Pennsylvania and New York.

On and after MONDAY, July 21st, 1873, trains on the Northern Central Railway will run as follows:

NORTHWARD.

MAIL	leaves Baltimore	8.30 a. m.
	leaves Harrisburg	1.30 p. m.
	leaves Williamsport	6.45 p. m.
	arrives at Elmira	10.30 p. m.
CINCIN'A EX.	leaves Baltimore	8.10 p. m.
	arrives at Harrisburg	12.05 a. m.
FAST LINE	leaves Baltimore	1.20 p. m.
	leaves Harrisburg	4.45 p. m.
	arrives at Williamsport	8.30 p. m.
NORTHERN EXPRESS	leaves Baltimore	12.01 a. m.
	arrives at Harrisburg	3.40 a. m.
NIAGARA EX.	leaves Baltimore	7.40 a. m.
	leaves Harrisburg	10.40 a. m.
	leaves Williamsport	2.10 p. m.
	leaves Elmira	5.05 p. m.
	arrives at Canandrigua	7.40 p. m.
ERIE MAIL	leaves Harrisburg	4.15 a. m.
	leaves Sunbury	6.20 a. m.
	leaves Williamsport	8.30 a. m.
	leaves Elmira	12.10 p. m.
	arrives at Canandaigua	3.40 p. m.

SOUTHWARD.

MAIL	leaves Elmira	5.45 a. m.
	leaves Williamsport	9.30 a. m.
	leaves Harrisburg	2.10 p. m.
	arrives at Baltimore	6.35 p. m.
FAST LINE	leaves Harrisburg	3.40 a. m.
	arrives at Baltimore	6.45 a. m.
ERIE EX.	leaves Williamsport	7.55 a. m.
	leaves Sunbury	9.40 a. m.
	arrives at Harrisburg	11.30 a. m.
ERIE MAIL	leaves Canandaigna	4.25 p. m.
	leaves Elmira	8.05 p. m.
	leaves Williamsport	11.45 p. m.
	leaves Sunbury	1.30 a. m.
	arrives at Harrisburg	3.20 a. m.
PACIFIC EX.	leaves Harrisburg	11.50 a. m.
	arrives at Baltimore	3 60 p. m.
NIAGARA EX	leaves Canandaigna	11.30 a. m.
	leaves Elmira	1.50 p. m.
	leaves Williamsport	5.15 p. m.
	arrives at Harrisburg	8.25 p. m.
	leaves Harrisburg	8.35 p. m.
	arrives at Baltimore	12.15 a. m.
SOUTHERN EX	leaves Harrisburg	8.55 a. m.
	arrives at Baltimore	12.30 p. m.

Mail train north and south, Fast Line north, Pacific Express south, Erie Express south, Southern Express south, Niagara Express north daily, except Sunday.

Erie Mail north to Williamsport, Cincinnati Express north, Fast Line south, Northern Express north, and Niagara Express south, from Williamsport, leave daily.

Southern Express south from Canandaigua daily except Sunday; connects at Williamsport with Erie Mail south ann arrives at Harrisburg daily, except Monday—connecting at Harrisburg with Fast Line south for Baltimore.

Niagara Express south connects at Harrisburg with Mail east for Philadelphia.

Erie Express south connects at Harrisburg with Pacific Express south for Baltimore.

Erie Mail north connects at Williamsport daily, except Sundays, for Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo and Suspension Bridge.

For further information, apply at the Ticket Office in the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot.

A. J. CASSATT,
General Manager.

GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE For all kinds of printing.

FOR ALL KINDS OF PRINTING, GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE.

Dry-Goods and Groceries.

S. E. HENRY, T. S. JOHNSTON, B. P. ISENBERG, J. G. ISENBERG.

HENRY & CO.,

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

IRON, NAILS, STEEL, GLASS, SALT, PLASTER, CEMENT, OAKUM, PITCH, &C., &C.

WARRIOR RIDGE FLOURING MILLS. Flour and Feed constantly on hand.

Cash paid for all kinds of grain.

White Pine and Hemlock Lumber of all sizes. Boards, Shingles, Lath, Pickets, Flooring, Siding, Sash, Door Frames, &c., &c., constantly on hand.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

Antracite, Gas and Bituminous Coal, by the Ton, Car or Boat Load. Feb.26,1873.

GRAND DEPOT FOR NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS JUST OPENED A SPLENDID STOCK OF NEW GOODS THAT CAN'T BE BEAT IN CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY

CALL AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN.

Jan. 4, '71.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS at the Cheap Store of NICHOLAS C. DECKER, One door east of the Washington Hotel.

I have just received a large stock of Ladies' elegant Dress Goods, Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods, Boots Shoes, Hats and Caps, of all kinds, in endless variety, for ladies, gentlemen, misses and children.

CLOTHING, OIL CLOTHS, GROCERIES,

Coffee, Teas of all kinds, best and common Syrups, Spices, &c. Tobacco and Segars, wholesale and retail.

These goods will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in town. "Quick sales and small profits," is my motto.

Thankful for past patronage, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. apr2-1y.

THOMAS FISHER. H. G. FISHER. THOS. C. FISHER.

FISHER & SONS, PROPRIETORS of the HUNTINGDON MILLS.

Manufacturers of FLOUR, FEED, GROUND PLASTER, &C

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in DRY GOODS, GROERIES, FISH, SALT, &C.

A Specialty made of CARPETS, OIL CLOTH & MATTINGS

March 8, 1871.

GLAZIER & BRO.

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERHANDISE, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, &c. &c.,

SMITH Street, between Washington and Mifflin

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, QUEENSWARE,

WASHINGTON Street, near Smith.

Jan. 18, '71.

A. P. W. JOHNSTON, DEALER IN DRUGS, MEDICINES, FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES, NOTIONS, TOBACCO AND CIGARS, PURE WINES, RYE WHISKEY, COGNAC BRANDY, ETC.

Ten per cent. discount on all medicines.

Corner Third and Allegheny streets, opposite Exchange Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa. 12feb.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS at the Cheap Store of BENJAMIN JACOBS, Corner of the Diamond, in Saxton's Buildin

I have just received a large stock of Ladies' elegant Dress Goods, Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps of all kinds, in endless variety, for ladies, gentlemen, misses and children.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, GROCERIES,

Coffee, Teas of all kinds, best and common Syrups, Spices, &c. Tobacco and Segars, wholesale and retail.

These goods will be sold as cheap, if not *cheaper*, than any other house in town. "Quick sales and small profits," is my motto.

Thankful for past patronage, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

Miscellaneous.

LUKE REILLY.

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN BREAD, CAKES, PIES, CONFECTIONERY, AND DEALER IN GROCERIES, SYRUPS, &c., &c., &c., *HUNTINGDON, PA.*

Bakery on Moore street, and Store at the Corner of Fourth and Allegheny.

Dealers will be supplied at prices as low as can be had from Philadelphia. [ap.26,'71.

STAGE LINE

From Spruce Creek to Centre Hall, every day, (except Sunday), leaving Spruce Creek at 9 o'clock, A. M., and returning at 3 o'clock, P. M. jauy,-7o13] H. McMANIGILL.

Miscellaneous.

UTICA STEAM ENGINE COMPANY, (*Formerly Wood & Mann.*)

STATIONARY AND PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES.

THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT IN THE WORLD.

These Engines have always maintained the very highest standard of excellence. We make the manufacture of Engines, Boilers and Saw Mills a specialty. We have the largest and most complete works of the kind in the country, with machinery specially adapted to the work.

We keep constantly in process large numbers of Engines, which we furnish at the very lowst prices and on the shortest notice. We build Engies specially adapted to Mines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Tanneries, Cotton Gins, Threshers and all classes of manufacturing.

We are now building the celebroted Lane Circuiar Saw Mill, the best and complete saw mill ever invinted.

We make the manufacture of Saw Mill outfits a special feature of our business, and can furnish complete on the shortest notice.

Our aim in all cases is to furnish the best machinery in the market, and work absolutely unequaled for beauty of design, economy and strength.

Send for Circular and Price List.

UTICA STEAM ENGINE COMPANY, UTICA, N. Y.

May7,'73-eow6mos.

GIVEN AWAY.

A FINE GERMAN CHROMO.

We send an elegant Chromo, mounted and ready for framing, free to every agent for UNDERGROUND or, LIFE BELOW THE SURFACE, BY THOS. W. KNOX.

942 Pages Octavo. 130 Fine Engravings.

Relates Incidents and Accidents beyond the Light of Day; Startling Adventures in all parts of the World; Mines and Mode of Working them; Undercurrents of Society; Gambling and its Horrors; Caverns and their Mysteries; The Dark Ways of Wickedness; Prisons and their Secrets; Down in the Depths of the Sea; Strange Stories of the Detection of Crime.

The book treats of experience with brigands; nights in opium dens and gambling hells; life in prison; Stories of exiles; Adventures among Indians; Journeys through Sewers and Catacombs; accidents in mines; pirates and piracy; tortures of the inquisition; wonderful burglaries; underworld of the great cities, etc., etc.

AGENTS WANTED

for this work. Exclusive teritory given. Agents can make $100 a week in selling this book. Send for circulars and terms to agents.

J. B. BURR & HYDE, Hartford, Conn., or Chicago, Ill.

Jan.1,'73.-1y.

W. BUCHANAN J. M. BUCHANAN

BUCHANAN & SON. 509 HILL STREET, *HUNTINGDON, PA.*

We have the the largest, cheapest and best assortment of COOKING STOVES West of Philadelphia. We constantly keep on hand SPEARS', CALORIFIC, EXCELSIOR, OLIVE BRANCH, PENN, MORNING LIGHT, COTTAGE, STAR, and the REGULATOR.

EVERY STOVE WARRANTED

WOOD and WILLOW WARE, JAPANESE WARE, TIN AND PAINTED WARE, TOLEDO PUMPS, ETC., ETC., ETC. ETC.

Persons going to housekeeping can get everything they need, from a clothes pin to a cooking stove.

ROOFING, SPOUTING & JOB WORK done at short notice. Give us a call and we feel satisfied you can save money. 10april.

J. E. SMUCKER. PHILIP BRWON.

SMUCKER & BROWN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS OF FURNITURE.

They beg leave to inform the trade and public generally, that they employ the largest number of hands, and the largest Factory and Stock of Furniture in Central Pennsylvania. They manufacture all kinds of Parlor, Sitting-room, Chamber Suits and Kitchen Furniture.

We propose to and will sell, to the trade and public as cheap as they can purchase anywhere in the State. Steam Furniture Factory, Nos. 613, 615, 617 and 619, Mifflin street, Office and Sale Rooms, Nos. 617½ and 618, Penn street.

May14,'73-1y.

E. BARTOL. | A. KENNEDY. | J. MARCH. | DAVID MINGLE

BARTOL, KENNEDY & CO.

[*Lately Franklin Manufacturing Company.*]

Manufactures Flooring, Siding, Doors, Sash, Shutters, Blinds, Moulding, Scroll Work, Counters, Shelving, Wood Turnings, Hubbs, Spokes, Bent Work, Forks, Rakes, Brooms, Pick, and Hammer Handles, all kinds of Furniture, &c. Our Machinery the very best quality and giving our entire being of attention to the business we are able to manufacture all of the aboved named articles, as well as many others, in the best style and always promptly.

All orders addressed to BARTOL, KENNEDY & CO., Huntingdon, Pa., will receive our immediate attention. Price list furnished when desired.

Lumber taken in exchange for all kinds of work.

Jan. 31, 1871.

MUSIC STORE.

You can save from ten to thirty per cent. by buying your Instruments from E. J. GREENE, Dealer in STEINWAY & SONS', CHICKERING & SONS', THE UNION PIANO FORTE CO., THE WEBER, RAVEN & BACON'S, GEO. M. GOULD & CO.'S, CONRAD MEYERS' *AND ALL OTHER MAKES OF PIANOS.* MASON & HAMLIN'S and Geo. Woods & Co.'s celebrated Organs, and any other make desired. Also, Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Herman Accordeons, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c.

New and good Pianos for $300 and upwards.
" five-octave Organs for 80 " "
" Melodeons for 70 " "

All Instruments warranted for five years.

Agents supplied at wholesale Rates, as low as in the cities. Call on, or address,

E. J. GREENE, Huntingdon, Pa., 2nd floor of Leister's new building.

January 4, 1871.

HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE *CANDIES, TOYS, FRUITS, NUTS, &c,* is at D. S. Africa's Variety Store, No. 423, in the Diamond. Also, can be had, a fine assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, PEN KNIVES, POCKET BOOKS, TRAVELING SATCHELS, FANCY SOAPS, HAIR OILS, PERFUMERY, &C. Dows' Celebrated Ice Cream Soda Water, in season, at D. S. Africa's Variety Store, No. 423, in the Diamond March 15, tf.

SAMUEL AFRICA

4th Street, Huntingdon, Pa., Dealer in fine CONFECTIONS, FRUITS, TOYS, NOTIONS, &C. Also, ICE CREAM AND SODA WATER IN SEASON.

apr23,'73-6m.

COLORED PRINTING DONE AT the Journal Office at Philadelphia prices

Boots, Shoes and Leather.

REMOVED TO THE NORTH EAST Corner of the Diamond.

CAN'T BE BEATEN!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a new and splendid stock of LEATHERS. BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, *Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.*

All of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the new stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Jan. 4, '71.

DOWN WITH PRICES.

WILLIAM AFRICA

has just opened up a large and varied assortment of BOOTS, SHOES, LADIES' GAITERS, GLOVE KID SHOES, and a large supply of heavy work, suitable for men and boys, at very low prices.

I have at all times an assortment of HANDSOME BOOTS AND SHOES on hand, which will be disposed of at as reasonable rates as the market will admit of. My stock was selected with great care, and I can confidently recommend all articles in my establishment.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of customer work, and orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed in all orders.

WILLIAM AFRICA.

Jan. 4, '71.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF BOOTS AND SHOES, AT SHAFFER'S NEW STORE.

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old friends and customers, that he has just received from the East a large and well selected stock of BOOTS AND SHOES! *For Men, Women and Children,* which he is prepared to sell a trifle lower than any other establishment in town. Being a practical shoemaker, and having had considerable experience, he flatters himself that his stock cannot be surpassed in the county.

Give him a call, at the CHEAP BOOT AND SHOE STORE, (*West end of the Diamond*) HUNTINGDON, PA.

Customer work made to order, in a neat and durable manner.

GEO. SHAFFER.

Jan. 4, '71.

JOHN C. MILLER.

(Successor to C. H. Miller & Son,)

DEALER IN EVERY VARIETY OF LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS AND BELTING.

HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.

Jan.1,1873-1y.

GOOD FITS!

SHOEMAKING!

We manufacture to order all kinds of Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., of the best material the market produces, and at the shortest possible notice. Persons from the country can be accommodated with our own manufacturing by giving a few hours notice.

All kinds of repairing neatly done.

For past favors accept our sincere thanks.

D. HERTZLER & BRO., 403 Allegheny St., Opposite B. T. Depot Huntingdon, Pa.

juue26tf

Miscellaneous.

1873. 1873.

CARPETS!! CARPETS!! CARPETS!! SPRING STOCK. *AT LOWEST PRICES!* JAMES A. BROWN

Is constantly receiving at his new CARPET STORE, IN HUNTINGDON, PA., 525½ Hill Street.

Beautiful Patterns of Carpets, fresh from the ooms of the manufacturers. His stock comprises

BRUSSELS, INGRAINS, VENITIAN, WOOL DUTCH, COTTAGE, HEMP, LIST and RAG CARPETS CARPET CHAIN, COCOA AND CANTON MATTINGS, FLOOR, STAIR AND TABLE OIL CLOTHS, and a large stock of WALL PAPER,

Window Shades and Fixtures, Drugget, Velvet Rugs, Door Mats, Extra Carpet Thread and Binding. I make a specialty of furnishing Churches and Lodges at City Prices, and invite Furnishing Committees to call and see goods made expressly for their purposes.

Buyers will *save money* and be better suited by going to the *regular* Carpet and Oil Cloth Store, for any of the above goods. I defy competition in prices and variety of beautiful patterns.

I have also the Agency for the Orignal HOWE SEWING MACHINE, IMPROVED, so well known as the best Family Machine in the world

Call at the CARPET STORE and see them.

JAMES A. BROWN.

Feb.14,1872.

DAVID BLAIR. SAMUEL T. NICHOLSON.

BLAIR & NICHOLSON,

Successors to Henry Stark, deceased, No. 153 North Third street, Philadelphia, have on hand and will sell at the Lowest Prices, a large and well selected assortment of all kinds of Groceries, Teas, Spices, Fish, Cheese, Syrups, Tobacco, &c., &c.

Orders by mail will receive prompt and careful attention. [nov20-1yr.

IMPORTANT TO BUILDERS.

BURCHINELLS' NEW PLANING MILL.

T. Burchinell & Son having just completed the erection of a first-class Planing Mill at Huntingdon, Pa., are prepared to fill all orders for Building Materials of all kinds, such as yellow and white pine flooring, Weatherboarding, Door and Window Frames, Blinds, Sash, Shutters, Doors, Brackets and Scroll Work at shortest notice and on reasonable terms. Wood Mouldings of every description and turned work in all its varieties. Their mill being situated on the main line of the Penna. Railroad and Canal, they enjoy superior facilities for the shipment of material to all sections of the State.

The senior proprietor of the firm being a practical builder and architect is prepared to furnish plans, specifications and detailed drawings for buildings in whole or in part as may be desired.

All orders promptly and faithfully filled.

Address T. BURCHINELL & SON. Huntingdon, Pa.

Jan. 4, '71.

WM. WILLIAMS, MANUFACTURER OF MARBLE MANTLES, MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, &C., HUNTINGDON, PA PLASTER PARIS CORNICES, MOULDINGS, &C ALSO SLATE MANTLES FURNISHED TO ORDER.

Jan. 4, '71.

Medical.

TAKE SIMMONS' SIMMONS' SIMMONS' SIMMONS' SIMMONS' SIMMONS' SIMMONS' SIMMONS' SIMMONS TAKE TAKE TAKE LIVER LIVER LIVER LIVER LIVER LIVER LIVER LIVER LIVER TAKE TAKE TAKE REGULATOR! REGULATOR! REGULATOR! REGULATOR! REGULATOR! REGULATOR!

This unrivalled Medicine is warranted not to contain a single particle of Mercury, or any injurious mineral substance, but is PURELY VEGETABLE.

For FORTY YEARS it has proved its great value in all diseases of the Liver, Bowels and Kidneys. Thousands of the good and great in all parts of the country vouch for its wonderful and peculiar power in purifying the Blood, stimulating the torpid Liver and Bowels, and imparting new Life and Vigor to the whole system. *Simmon's Liver Regulator* is acknowledged to have no equal as a LIVER MEDICINE.

It contains four medical elements, never united in the same happy propyrtion in any other preparation, viz: a gentle Cathartic, a wonderful Tonic, an unexceptionable Alterative and a certain Corrective of all impurities of the body. Such signal success has attended its use, that it is now regarded as the GREAT UNFAILING SPECIFIC for Liver Complaint and painful offspring thereof to wit: Dyspepsia, Constipation, Jaundice, Billious attacks, Sick Headache, Colic, Depression of Spirits, Sour Stomach, Heart Burn, &c., &c.

Regulate the Liver and prevent CHILLS AND FEVER.

Simmons' Liver Regulator Is manufactured only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Macon, Ga., and Philadelphia.

Price $1.00 per package; sent by mail, postage paid, $1.04. Prepared ready for use $1.00 and $1.50.

For sale by JOHN READ & SONS, Huntingdon, Pa.

June 11, 1873-1y.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR!

Ten years of a public test has proved Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar to have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered to the public. It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for disease of the THROAT AND LUNGS, performing the most remarkable cures. It effectually cures all COUGHS and COLDS. It has cured so many cases of ASTHMA AND BRONCHITIS, that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints. For PAINS IN THE BREAST, SIDE OR BACK, GRAVEL OR KIDNEY DISEASE, disease of the Urinary Organs, Jaundice, or any Liver Complaint it has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic, restores the Appetite, strengthens the System, restores the Weak and Debilitated, causes the Food to Digest, removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion, prevents Malarious Fevers, Gives tone to your System.

AND IRON

That Pale, Yellow, Sickly Looking Skin is changed to one of freshness and health. Those

Diseases of the Skin, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches and Eruptions are removed. Scrofula, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, White Swelling, Ulcers, Old Sores

or any kind of Humor rapidly dwindle and disappear under its influence. In fact it will do you more good, and cure you more speedily than any and all other preparations combined. What is it?

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A soluble oxyd of iron combined with the medicinal properties of Poke Root divested of all disagreeable qualities. It will cure any CHRONIC or LONG STANDING DISEASE whose real or direct cause is BAD BLOOD, RHEUMATISM, PAINS IN LIMBS OR BONES, CONSTITUTION BROKEN DOWN by Mercurial or other poisons, are all cured by it. For SYPHILIS, or SYPHITRIAL TAINT, there is nothing equal to it. A trial will prove it. Ask for DR. CROOK'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF POKE ROOT.

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Feb.5,1873-1y.